AGRICULTURAL

PATENT

THESE MACHINES HAVE BEEN SELLING IN Kentucky for the last four yeves, and in every instanc have given the most perfect tatisfaction. For capacity, durability and fine finish, they are unequalled. We warrant every Machine to give satisfaction. CASH PRICE. orse, with Separator, Cleaner, Power and Wagon \$450

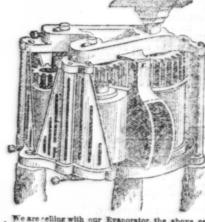
Extras for all parts of the Machine, on hand, PRICE COMMON THRESHING MACHINES.

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EVAPORATOR. We have the EXCLUSIVE CONTROL of this Evap-rator for the State of Rentucky, and in Indiana, bordering on the river. Persons who are growing Sorphum are invited to call and examine them, or send let a creular giving full descriptions.

CASH PRICE.



CASH PRICE. No. 2 Large two-horse "...

CASH PRICE.

GRAIN DRILLS.

We have an assertment of the best kinds made in ore. It has been accretioned beyond doubt, that heat which was drilled in last year, was not badly inter-killed, and produced a far crop, whilst that hitch was sown broadcas; on the same soil, was almost nitrely worthiess. In drilling in wheat you save the above of one man and team, besides saving seed enough a newing 100 acres to pay for your dril. CASH PRICE.

HORSE HAY RAKE.

We have the improved STEFL TOOTH RAKE, run

Horse Hay Fork.

We have the con'rol of Kentucky for the sale GLADDING'S PATENT HORSE PITCHFORK. Price, complete with 60 feet of rope



CLOTHESWRINGER

Has been pronounced by hundreds who have tested Has been probabled by hundreds who have tested
it to be the very best Wringer in this market—
st. Because it is so simple in construction that it can
toosibly get out of order.
2d. There is no wood about it to swell, shrink or decay,
3d. They are so compact that it is not necessary to remove them from the tub after using.
4th. It sits so low the strain on the tub is much less
4th, it sits so low the strain on the tub is much less with other wringers. It is so simple that a child ten years old can ope-

it.
It needs no adjusting, except for the largest arti, as there is no necessity for starting the set acrews to
gampting from a lace collar to a sheet.
h. it saves time, labor, clothes and money. It is
thas much for starching as wrincing, leaving the
ch perfectly even in every part of the clothes. sell this Wringer guaranteeing it to perform in a seto y manner, or we do not ask the purchaser to

Agents wanted all over this State

MODERACE.

In addition to articles above we keep a general asser Agricultural Implements & Seeds, Cumming's Patent Cutting Boxes, Bandford's Patent Cutting Boxes, Virginia Corn Shellers, Buckeye Corn Shellers, Western Corn Shellers,

Cultivators, Corn Planters, Plows Cast and Steel, Grain Cradles and Scythes, Shovels, Hoes, Spades, Forks, &c PITRIN, WIARD & CO.,

But of this State, whose fundamental law

TERMS OF THE DAILY DEMOCRAT TO THE COUNTRY.

ONE MONTH.

Notice to Mail Subscribers. Subscribers are supplied with a notice of the

Nothing is so plentifully used in civil war and revolutions and so much abused as oaths. and revolutions and so much abused as oaths.

I swear, exclaims a member of the French assembly. Let us all swear, echoes another; and so they all swear an oath to be forgotted.

If the rebel majority assert their supremacy is the swear and Assembly. Let us all swear, echoes another, and so they all swear an oath to be forgotten next day, and soon superseded by an opposite oath. Oaths soon lose all sanctity, and are taken and broken without scruple or remoree. taken and broken without scruple or remores, THE PRESIDENCY INAUGURATED E so that, in fact, they have no effect at all. The THE VOIE3 OF THE REBEL STATES? men who feel the obligation would keep their word and hesitate to take the oath, whilst plenty of men steeped head and ears in rebellion will take for selfish purposes, and break the first opportunity. Oaths do not make men loyal. Usually those who refuse to take an oath are as likely to keep it as those ready to take it. It is well known that Senstors and Corgressmen had taken an oath to support the Constitution and laws of the United States, and that numerous other officials had taken the same oath, but they could, notwithstanding, plot rebellion whilst under these obligations. They could flatter themselves into the belief that they could do so and not be guilty of perjury. Nay, argue that they could not be true to their oaths, and support the Government of the United States. The President swears to protect and defend the Constitu-

tion of the United States; but he does what the Constitution gives him no power to do, and, in fact, what it positively forbids. He persuades himself that his course is necessary would otherwise be unconstitutional may become lawful by becoming indispensable to preserve the Constitution by the preservation of the nation. Right or wrong, he declares he is acting on this principle; so he may do what the Constitution forbids, as the only way left to approve it, and then, by proclamation, puts as much of it in force as he sees fit, and pro-poses to execute those parts by efficers un-known to the laws of the United States and tion. The same sort of logic without ary perversion a rebel may use to reconcile his conduct with his oath. In fact, words are very slender security. They are made to concea ideas. There is scarcely a form of words ou of which one cannot make anything.

Suppose a man swears that he will always pear true allegiance to the Government of the United States. What is the Government of the United States? Some will tell us it is the Constitution and laws made in pursuance thereof; but a rebel may say that an adminis tration is destroying the Government, and, therefore, his oath requires him to resist. But if the oath means the Government as it may be administered, then one, in taking the oath, swears away his right of revolution. Our fathers said, "whenever any form of Government becomes destructive of these ends, it is 100 &c.

After the restoration of Charles II., when rebellion was peculiarly odious, it was proposed in Parliament to resolve that resistance to royal authority could never be allowed. Notwithstanding the temptations of the times, Parliament would not pass the resolution. Much less, of course, would they have taken an oath of nonresistance or passive obedience. Any oath, then, of perpetual allegiance and nonresistance is not admissable in this country. No form of words can be intended to be so understood. Notwithstanding, however, the experience of the world, men will repeat the same policy that has been found so useless in times pas', and which, from the philosophy of the matter, must ever be useless.

It is a very painful thing to see that even the isithful cannot get along together amicably. Even when everything is given, they still find something to quarrel about, just as the old dame who had the goose that laid the golden egg could not endure its clucking and cluttering.

There has been a growling, slow sort of thunder for sometime among the Republicans. It is not only the limb lopped off by Fremont, but among those who remained,

there has been grumbling. Very lately this has broken out in a manifesto, signed by Wade, of Ohio, and H. W. Davis, of Maryland. The precise cause of the created the Congressional method of reconstruction. His Excellency would not consent to give up his own pet scheme, and these motive for his refusal, but have most unhesi tatingly given it a name.

In direct opposition to the subceratic

Court, made in the Rhode Island case, in which of the IVth article of the Constitution, requir-State a republican form of government, 'it rests with Congress to decide what government is the stablished one in a State," and when Senators and Representatives of a State authority of the Government under which they can depend upon. are appointed, as well as its republican character, is recognized by the proper constitutional authority, and its decision is binding on every other department of the Government, and could not be questioned in a judicial tribunal."

It looks decidedly by this as if the subordinates were in the right, as far as such an abso lute thing as law and precedent are concern ed. Following this, they quote from the President's letter to show his usurpation of authority belonging to Congress and the courts, and bring the following formal accusation :

That is to say, the President persists in recognizing those shadows of Governments in Arkansas and Louisiana, which Congress for mally declared should not be recenized— whose Representatives and Senators were repelled by formal votes of both Houses of Congress— which it was declared formally should have no electoral vote for President and Vice Presi-

They are the mere creatures of his will. They are the mere creatures of his will. They cannot live a day without his support. They are mere oligarchies, imposed on the people by military orders under the forms of election, at which Generals, Provost Marshals, soldiers and camp-followers were the chief actors, assisted by a handful of resident.

chief actors, assisted by a hapdful of resident citizens, and urged on to premature action by private letters from the President.

In neither Louisiana nor Arkansas, before Barks' defeat, did the United States control half the territory or half the population. In Louisiana, Gen. Banks' proclamation candidly declared: "The fundamental law of the State the elevation of the members to an exalted in the elevation of the members to an exalted in the elevation of the members to an exalted in the elevation of the members to an exalted in the elevation of the members to an exalted in the elevation of the members to an exalted in the elevation of the members to an exalted in the elevation of the members to an exalted in the elevation of the elevation of

On that foundation of freedom, he erected

was martial law, only sixteen parishes out of forty-eight parishes were held by the United States; and in five of the sixteen we held only

The eleven parishes we substantially held had 223,185 inhabitants; the residue of the State not held by us, 575 617. At the farce called an election, the officers of General Banks returned that 11,346 bellots

were cast; but whether any or by whom the people of the United States have no legal essurance; but it is probable that 4,000 were cast by soldiers or employes of the United States military or municipal, but none according to any law. State or National, and 7,000 ballots represent the State of Louisians.

Such is the free Constitution and Govern-ment of Louisians; and like it is that of Ar-

n those States, and send votes which elect an memy of the Government, will we not repel his AND IS NOT THAT CIVIL WAR FOR

No charge brought by the Democrats against Mr. Lincoln has been bolder or more definite, nen less scrupulous will take an oath and dis- and, we may add, none has had more truth to regard it. Mr. Lincoln makes the taking of found it. The facts recapitulated are underiable. an oath a test of loyalty, which, no doubt. The advantages to be gained by Mr. Lincoln are apparent, and the conclusions are irresistible. It is no trumped up charge. It springs from no vindictive party rancor; it is the declaration of those who elected Mr. Lincoln, and

> have hitherto supported him in his measures. Not content with this, they have also exposed the manner in which the President car ried cut his designs. When the bill, which had passed the House, bad reached the Sepate Senator Doolittle wrote to a staff officer of General Banks' in Louisians, that it would be delayed in its passage through that body, so that the President need not veto it, but might defeat it by retaining it. This is the device of a pettifogger, instead of the act of a states

It is not so much the appulment of the act of Congress as the assumption of Executive authority over this sulject, that alarms the authors of this protest. Referring to "his plan," which he sets above that of Congress, in order to do what he swears to do. What and proposes to execute in spite of that body,

A more studied outrage on the legislative authority of the people has never been perpe-

trated. Congress pased a bill; the President refused not subject to the confirmation of the Senate!

The bill directed the appointment of Provisional Governors by and with the advice and onsent of the Senate

The President, after defeating the law, pro-poses to appoint without law, and without the advice and consent of the Senate, Military Governors for the rebel States!

He has already exercised this dictatorial neurpation in Luisians, and he defeated the

bill to prevent its limitation, Henceforth we must regard the following precedent as the Presidential law of the rebel

"EXECUTIVE MANSION "Washington, March 15, 1864.

"Uatil further orders, you are hereby inded with the power exercised hitherto by Military Governor of Louisiana.

"Yours, Abraham Lincoln."

This Michael Hahn is no officer of the United States; the President, without law, without the advice and consent of the Senate, by a private note, not even count the Secretary of State, makes him Dictator o

This they distinctly pronounce "a blow a the friends of his Administration, at the rights of humanity, and at the principles of republican government," and conclude in the following words:

The President has greatly presumed on the forbestance which the supporters of his Ad-ministration have so long practiced, in view of the arduous conflict in which we are engaged, and the reckless ferecity of our political op-

But he must understand that our support is fa cause, and not of a map; that the authori y of Congress is paramount, and must be re pected; that the whole body of the Union men of Congress will not submit to be impeached by him of rash and unconstitutional legislation; and if he wishes our support, he must confine himself to his executive duties to obey and execute, not make the laws—to suppress by arms armed rebellion, and leave positical reorganization to Congress. If the supporters of the Government fall to

insist on this. they become responsible for the usurpations which they full to rebuke, and are justly liable to the indignation of the people whose rights and security, committed to their

keeping, they sacrifice.

Let them consider the remedy for these usurpations, and, having found it, fearlessly

These charges thus distinctly brought in the face of danger from arrest, and by the friends of the Administration, form no light matter for consideration. The usurpations are clearly set forth in plain language. If Mr. Lincoln's own party are forced to denounce quarrel is the manner in which the President | him in this way, what larguage ought the country at large to use, and what penalty should follow?

We see that the Governor of Pennkeen reasoners have not only found out the sylvania has opened h's eyes to the fact that an unarmed people can't resist an invasion of veteran troops, or improvise a force sufficient to do it. We don't wish people to be subjected to do it. We don't wish people to be subjected of election, at which Generals, Provost Marthe power of settling the question be lorgs wholly to Congress. Mr. Lincoln, it will be remembered, claims it as one of the Presidential prerogatives

They refer to the decision of the Supreme local to the supreme local They refer to the decision of the Supreme ject to these raids to do anything to repel them, without abandoning their homes and that body decided that under the 4.h section joining regular armies. Pennsylvania is but that body decided that under the 4.h section joining regular armies. Pennsylvania is but slightly exposed. She has only suffered twice ing the United States to guarantee to every in three years. Here in Kentucky we are subject to raids all the while. Scarcely a neighborhood is entirely exempt from them, and the people can't take any active part in opposing them and live at their homes, whilst are admitted into the councils of the Union, the they have really no protection at all that they

MOBILE.-It is announced that Farragut has made an attack upon Mobile, and that he is supported by a large land force. News from that quarter will be looked for with interest.

Farragut's fleet con vessele:	aprises the following
Hartford (flagship)	Port Royal 8 gui Kennebec 5 gui
Richmond. 18 guns. Brooklyn. 24 guns. Monongahela. 12 guns. Lackawana. 14 guns. Oncida. 10 guns. Metacomet. 10 guns. Gennessec 8 guns. Sebago. 10 guns.	Pinola 4 gui Itasca 4 gui Pembina 6 gui Penguin 7 gui Tennessee 5 gui Conemaugh 9 gui Ossipee 13 gui

A cotemporary wants Stanton to remain Secretary of War, because he is an honest man. That is not a good reason. He is like some one else we heard of ones-an honest man of the worst sort. Let's try one that is not so honest. Perhaps he will do bettercan't do much worse.

usurpation," said George Washington, in his farewell address; "for whatever temporary good might seem to attend it will be more

137"Let not our institutions be changed by

standing in society." Wm. 8. Hicks was elected sheriff of

Henderson county.

THE WADE PROTEST.

Indignation of the Radicals-"An Outrage on the Legislative Authority of the People"-"Rash and Fatal Act of the President,"

From the New York Tribune, 5th. To the Supporters of Government: We have read without surprise, but

without indignation, the proclemation of the President of the 8 h of July, 1864 The supporters of the Administration are re monsible to the country for its conduct; and t is their right and duty to check the en-

Subscribers are solved and solved the control of th becoming a law, holds the electoral votes of the the other du'v of asserting the right's of Carelel States at the dictation of his personal amgress. The President did not sign the bill "to guarantee to certain States whose governments have been usurped a Republican form of Gayermnent"—possed by the supporters of his Administration in both Honers of Congress after mature deliberation. The bill did not therefore become a hw; and it is therefore nothing. The proclamation is neither an approval nor a veto of the bill; it is therefore a decomment unknown to the laws and Constitution. coment unknown to the laws and Constitu tion of the United States. So far as it contains an apology for not signing the bill, it is a po-litical manifesto against the friends of the Government. So far as it proposes to execute the bill which is not a law, it is a grave Execu-tive nearpetior. It is fitting that the feets necessary to enable the friends of the Adminstration to appreciate the spelogy and the

on sayt: "And whereas the said bill was presented the President of the United States for his proval less than one hour before the sine die ournment of said session, and was not sed by him."

sented with other bills which were signed. Within that bour the time for the sine die adjournment was three times postponed by the votes of both Houses; and the least intimatio of a desire for more time by the President to consider this bill would have secured a further netponement. Yet the committee sent to aceriain if the President had any further conication for the House of Representatives orted that he had none; and the friends of the bill, who arxiously waited on him to as certain its fate, had already been informed that the President had resolved not to sign it. The time of presentation, therefore, had nothing to do with his failure to approve it. The bill had been discussed and considered for more than a mouth in the House of Representa-tives, which it passed on the 4 h of May, it was reported to the Senate on the 27th of May without material amendment, and passed the olutely as it came from the House on the 2d of July. Ignorance of its contents is out of the question. Indeed, at his request, a draft of a bill substantially the same in all material points, and identical in the points objected to by the proclamation, had been laid before him for his consideration in the winter of 1862 62. There is evaluated. eration in the winter of 1862 63. There is, therefore, no reason to suppose the provisions of the bill took the President by supprise. On the controry, we have reason to believe the to have been so well known that this met! of preventing the bill from becoming a law without the constitutional responsibility of veto had been resolved on long before the bill passed the S mate. We are informed by a gen-tleman entitled to entire confidence that be-fore the 221 of Jane, in New Orleans, it was stated by an officer of General Bunks staff, in the presence of other gentlemen in official position, that Sepator Doelittle had written a letter to the deportment that the House reconstruction bill would be staved off in the Scenate to a period too late in the session to require the President to veto it in order to defeat it, and that Mr. L'ncoln would retain the bill, if necessary, and thereby defeat it. The experience of Senator Wade, in his various off the bill considered in Excellency, Michael Hahn, Governor of his various efforts to get the bill considered the Senste, was quite in accordance with the blav; and the fate of the bill was accurately predicted by letters received from New Orteams before it had passed the Sanate. Had the preclamation stopped there it would have been only one other defeat of the will of the passed by an exaculty prevention of the Conpeople by an exacutive perversion of the Constitution. But it goes further. The President

> 'And whereas the said bill contains, among other things, a plan for rentoring the States in rebellion to their proper practical relation in the Union, which plan expresses the sense of Congress upon that subject, and which plan i is n .w thought fit to lay before the people for

their consideration—"

By what authority of the Constitution? In By what suthority of the Constitution? In what forms? The result to be declared by whom? With what effect when ascertained? Is it to be a law by the approval of the people, without the approval of Congress, at the will of the President? Will the President, on his opinion of the peoplar approval, execute it as law? Or is this merely a device to avoid the law? Or is this merely a device to avoid the serious responsibility of defeating a law on which so many loyal hearts reposed for security? But the reasons now assigned for not approving the bill are full of ominous significance. The President proceeds:

"Now, therefore, I, Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, do proclaims, de-

clire, and make known that while I am (as I was in December last, when by proclamation I propounded a plan for restoration) unprepared, by a formal approval of this bill, to be inflexibly committed to any single plan of res

That is to say, the President is resolved that the people shall not by law take any recurrition from the rebel States against a renewal of the rebellion, before restoring their power to govera us. His wisdom and prudence are to be our sufficient guarantees! He further says: "And while I am also unprepared to declare that the Free State Constitutions and Govern-ments already adopted and installed in Ar-kansas and Louisiana shall be set aside and

kapsas and Louisiana suali be set aside and held for naught, thereby repelling and discouraging the loyal citizens who have set up the same as to further effort—

That is to say, the President persists in recognizing those shadows of governments in Arkansas and Louisiana, which Courgress formally declared should not be mally declared should not be recognized—whose Representatives and Senators were repeiled by formal votes of both Houses of Congress—which it was declared formally sho have no electoral vote for President and V President. They are the mere creatures of

They are the mere creatures of his They cannot live a day without his sup

dom he erected what the President calls "the free Constitution and Govern ment of Louisina." But of this State, whose fundamental law was martial law, only sixteen parishes out of forty-eight parishes were held by the United States; and in five of the sixteen we held only our camps. The eleven parishes we substantially held had 233,185 innabitants; the residue of the State not held by us, 575,617. At the farce called an election, the officers of Banks returned that 11,346 ballots were cost. lots were cast; but whether any or by whom the people of the United States have no legal assurance; but it is probable that 4,000 were cast by soldiers or employes of the United States, inilitary or municipal, but none according to any law, State or National, and 7,000 ballots represent the State of Louisiana. such is the free Constitution and Government of Louisians; and like it is that of Arkansas, Nothing but the failure of a military expedi tion deprived us of a like one in the swamps of Florids; and before the Presidential elec-tion, like ones may be organized in every re-bel State where the United States have a camp. The President, by preventing this bill from becoming a law, holds the electoral voice of the rebel States at the dictation of his personal ambition. If those votes turn the balance in his favor, is it to be rep-posed that his competitor, defeated by such means, will acquiesce? If the rebel majority assert their supremacy in those States, and send votes which elect an enemy of the Government, will we not repel bis claims? And is not that civil war for the Presidency imang urated by the votes of robel States? Seriously impressed with these dangers, Congress,
"the proper Constitutional authority," formally declared that there are no State Governments in the rebel States, and provided for their erection at a proper time; and both the Senate and the House of Representatives re-jected the Senators and Representatives chosen under the surbority of what the President calls the Free Constitution and Government of Arkansas. The President's proclamatter in Arabasa. The President is proclaimation "holds for naught" this judgement, and discards the authority of the Supremo Court, and strides headlong toward the snarccay his proclamation of the S h of December inaugurated. It electors for President be allowed to be chosen in either of those States, as in the proclamation of the motive which induced the President to "hold for naught" the lowed to be chosen in either of those States, and territorial limits, the proclamation admits policister light will be east on the motive which induced the President to "hold for naught" the law, equalizing all before it, the proclamation will of Congress rather than his Government commits them to the lawless discretion of in Louisiana and Arkaneas. That judgment of Military Governors and Provost Marshals; the

exercise of an authority exclusively vested in Congress by the Constitution to determine what is the established government in a State, what is the established government in a same and in its own nature, and by the highest judicial authority binding on all other departments of the Government. The Supreme Court has formally declared that under the 4th section of the IV harticle of the Countiintion, requiring the United States to gueran-tee to every State a republican form of gov-ernment, "It rests with Concress to decide what government is the established one in a ves of a State are admitted into the coursely of the Union, the authority of the governmen under which they are appointed, as well as its republican character, is recognized by the coper constitutional authority, and its decis ion is binding on every other department of the government, and could not be questioned in a judicial tribunal. It is true that the confest in this case did not last long enough to bring the matter to this issue; and as no Senators or Representatives were elected under the authority of the government of which Mr. Dorr was the head, Congress was not called upon to decide the controversy. Yet the right to decide is placed there." Even the President's present cids the controversy. Yet the right to decide is placed there." Even the President's proclamation of the Sth of December formally declared that "Whether members sent to Congress from any State shall be admitted to seats, constitutionally rests exclusively with the respective houses, and not to any extent with the Executive." And that is not the less true because wholly inconsistent with the President's assumption in that proclamation of a right to institute and recognize State governments in the rebel. States, nor because the President is unable to perceive that his recognition is a pullity if it he not conclusive on Congress. Under the Constitution the right to Senators and Representatives is in-eparable Congress. Under the Constitution the right to Senators and Representatives is inseparable from a State Government. If there be a State Government, there can be no Senators or Representatives chosen. The two houses of Congress are expressly declared to the proclamation. If the oath binds the enterth who take it, it is not exacted be no State Government who succeed to the proclamation. ators or Representatives chosen. The two houses of Corgress are expressly declared to he the sale judges of their own members. when, therefore, Senators and Representa-tives are admitted, the State Govern-ment, under whose authority they were chosen, is conclusively established; when

Congress which the President defies was the

they are rejected its existence is as conclusively rejected and denied, and to this judgment the President is bound to submit. The President proceeds to express his unwillingness "to declare a constitutional competency in Congress to sholish slavery in States" as another reason for not signing the bill. But the bill nowhere proposes to abolish slavery in States. The bill did provide that all slaves in the rebel States should be manumitted. But as the President had already signed three bills manumitting several classes of slaves in States, it is not conceived possible that he en-tertained any scruples touching that provision of the bill respecting which he is silent. He had already himself assumed a right by proc-lamation to free much the larger number of laves in the rebel States, under the authority given him by Congress to use military power to suppress the rebellion, and it is quite income stypic that the President should think Congress could vest in him a discretion it could not exercise itself. It is the more unintelligible from the fact 'ba', except in respect to a small part of Virginia and Louisiana, the bill covered only what the proclamation covered—added a Congressional title and indicial remedies by law to the disputed title indicial remedies by law to the disputed title under the proclamation, and perfected the work the President professed to be so anxious to accomplish. Slavery as an institution can be abolished only by a change of the Constitution of the United States or of the law of the State; and this is the principle of the bill. It required the new Constitution of the State to provide for that prohibition; and the Presi dent, in the face of his own proclamation, does not venture to object to insisting on that condition. Nor will the country tolerate its abandonment—yet be defeated the only provision imposing it! But when he describes himself, in spite of his blow at emancipation, as "sincerely hoping and expecting that a constitutional amendment abclishing slavery throughout the nation may be adopted," we curiously liquire on what his expectation rests, after the vote of the House of Representatives at the recent session, and in the face of the po-litical complexion of more than enough of the States to prevent the possibility of its adoption within any reasonable time; and why

> says:
> "Nevertheless, I am fully esticated with the constructing our light-draft gunboats it is impose very proper plan for the loyal people of any State choosing to adopt it; and that I am, and at all times shall be, prepared to give the executive aid and assistance to any such people so soon as the military resistance to the United States shall have been suppressed in any such State, and the people thereof shall have sufficiently returned to their obedience to the Constitution and the laws of the United States; in which cases Military G vernors will be appointed, with directions to proceed

secording to the bill." A more studied outrage on the legislative authority of the people has never been perpe trated. Congress passed a bill; the President refused to approve it, and then by proclamation puts as much of it in force as he sees fit and proposes to execute those parts by officer anknown to the laws of the United States, and not subject to the confirmation of the Senate!
The hill directed the appointment of Provisional Governors by and with the advice and onsent of the Senate. The President, afte of the Senate, Military Governors for the rebe tes! He has already exercised this dictato rial usurpation in Louisiana, and he defeated the bill to prevent its limitation. Henceforth we must regard the following precedent as the Presidential law of the rebel States:

EXECUTIVE MANSION,) "WASHINGTON, March 15, 1864. His Excellency Michael Hahn, Governor of

"Uatit further orders, you are hereby in vested with the powers exercised hitherto by the Military Governor of Louisiana.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN."

This Michael Hahn is no officer of the United S ate; the President, without law, without the advice and consent of the Senate, by a privale note not even countersigned by the Sec retary of State, makes him D.ctator of Louisi The bill provided for the civil adminis tration of the laws of the State-till it should be in a fit temper to govern itself—repealing all laws recogn zing slavery, and making all men equal before the law. These beneficent provisions the President has annulled. People will die, and marry and transfer property, and buy and sel'; and to these acts of civi and buy and self; and to these acts of civil ife courts and officers of the law are necessary. Congress legislated for these necessary things, and the President deprives them of the protection of the law! The President's purpose to instruct his Military Governors to proceed according to the bill"—a make-shift to caim the disappointment its ceshift to calm the disappointment its de-feat has occasioned—'s not merely a grave usurpation, but a transparent delusion. He cannot "proceed, according to the bill," after preventing it from becoming a law. Whatever is done will be at his will and pleasure by persons responsible to no law and more interested to secure the interests and execute the will of the President than of the people; and the will of Congress is to be "held for naught," "unless the loyal people of the rebel St tes choose to adopt it." If they should g aciously prefer the stringent bill to the easy process mation, still the registration will be made nader to leval sanction; it will give no assurunder no legal sanction; it will give no assur ance that a majority of the people of the States have taken the eath; if administered, it will be without legal authority, and void; no indict ment will lie for false awearing at the election, or for admitting bad or rejecting good votes it will be the farce of Louisiana and A kan sas acted over sgale, under the forms of this sas acted over sgate, there forms of this bill, but not by authority of law. But when we come to the guarantees of future peace which Congress meant to enact, the forms, as we'll as the substance, of the bill must yield to the President's will that none should be impact. It was the solonous resolves of Congress posed. It was the solemn resolve of Congress to protect the loyal men of the nation against three great dangers, (1) the return to power of the guilty leaders of the rebellion, (2) the continuance of slavery, and (3) the burden of the rebal debt. Congress required assent to those provisions by the convention of the State, and if refused, it was to be dissolved. the President "holds for naught" that re-solve of Congress, because he is unwilling "to be inflexibly committed to any one plan of restoration," and the people of the United States are not to be allowed to protect them selves unless their enemies agree to it. The order to proceed according to the The order to proceed according to the bid is therefore merely at the will of the rebel States, and they have the epilon to reject it, accept the proclama tion of the Sin of December, and demand the President's recognition. Mark the contrast The bill requires a majority, the proclamation is as inded with one-tent; the bill requires one oath, the proclamation another; the bili ascertains voters by registering, the proclama-t on by guess; the bill exacts adapted to exist-

bill forbids electors for President, the proclamation and defeat of the bill threaten us with civil war for the admission or exclusion of such votes; the bill exacted exclusion of dangerous enemies from power and the relief of the nation from the rebel debt, and the prohibition of slavery forever, so that the suppresion of the rebellion will double our resources to bear or pay the national debt, free the masses from the old domination of the rebel lealer, and eradicate the cause of the war; the proclamatic proclamati from the old domination of the rebel leader; and eradicate the cause of the war; the proclamation secures neither of these guarantees. It is silent respecting the rebel debt and the political exclusion of rebel leaders; leaving slavery exactly where it was by law at the outbreak of the rebellion, and adds no guaranty even of the freedem of the slaves he undertook to manumit. It is summed up in an illegal oath, without a sanction, and therefore void. The oath is to support all proclamations of the President during the rebellion, having reference to slaves. Any Government is to be accepted at the hands of one tenth of the people not contravening that oath. Now that oath neither secures the abolition of slavery, nor adds any security to the freedom of the slaves the President declared free. It does not secure the abolition of slavery; for the procslaves the Fresident decared ree. It does not secure the abolition of slavery; for the proclemation of freedom merely professed to free certain slaves while it recognized the institution. Every Constitution of the rebel States at the outbreak of the rebellion may be adopted without the change of a letter; for none of them controvers that proclamation; none of them contravene that proclamation; none of them establish slavery. It adds no security to the freedom of the slaves. For their title is the Proclamation of Freedom. If it be unconstitutional, an eath to support it is void Whether constitutional or lot, the eath is without authority of law, and, therefore, void If it be valid and observed, it exacts no enact ment by the Scate, either in law or Constitutional or constitution in the contract of enetenth who take it, it is not exacted of the other nine-tenths who succeed to the control of the State Government; so that it is annulled instantly by the act of recognition. What the State Courts would say of the proclamation who can doub!? But the master would not go into Court—he would se'z; his slave. What the Supreme Court would say, who can tell? When and how is the question to get there? No habeas corpus lies for him in a United States Court, and the President defeated with this bill its extension of that writ to this case. Such are the fruits of that writ to this case. Such are the fruits of this rash and fatal act of the President—a blow at the friends of his Administration, at blow at the friends of his Administration, at the rights of humanity, and at the principles of republican government. The President base greatly presumed on the forbearance which the supporters of his Administration bayes so long practiced, in view of the arduous conflict in which we are engaged, and the wreckless ferosity of our political opponents. But he must understand that our sapport is of a cause and not of a man; that the authority of Congress is paramount and must be respected; that the whole body of the Union men of Congress will not submit to be impeached by him of rash and unconstitutional legislation; and if he wishes our support he must confine himself to his executive duties mus; confine himself to his executive dutiesto obey and execute, not make the laws—to suppress by arms armed rebellion, and leave political reorganization to Congress. If the supporters of the Government fall to lusist on this, they become responsible for the usurpa-tion which they fall to rebuke, and are justly this, they become responsible for the usurpation which they fail to rebuke, and are justly
liable to the indignation of the people whose
rights and security, committed to their keeping, they sacrifice. Let them consider the
remedy for these usurpations, and, having
found it, fearlessly execute it.

Farragut having
fort, we shall doubtless hear of its capture in
a day or two. Official dispatches from Farragut are expected to-morrow. It was no part of
his plan to attempt the capture of the city,
but only relieve a portion of the large fleet
which has been stationed there for six years the remedy for these usurpations, and, having found it, fearlessly execute it.

B. F. WADE,

Chairman Senate Committee. H. WINTER DAVIS, Chairman Committee House of Representa-tives on the Robellious States.

A few days ago one of our ordinary light draft gunboats, belonging to Admiral Lee's fleet on the James river, was fired at Lee's fleet on the James river, was fleet on the Ja from a rebel shore battery. One of the shells
struck and entered the magazine, but did not
struck and entered the magazine, but did not
which questions of State policy of more than
which questions of State policy of more than explode. Upon a search being made for the ordinary interest and importance were disrebel missile, it was discovered that it had cussed the States to prevent the possibility of its passed through two barrels of powder and adoption within any reasonable time; and why he did not induce his sincere hopes with so large an installment of the blessing as his approval of the bill would have secured. After this existing the secured of the bill would have secured. After the time this kindly shell made its grand has resigned, and that the President has accepted his resignation. It is not, however, nearly who are in intimate political and social relations with different members of the Cabinet that Stanton has resigned, and that the President has accepted his resignation. It is not however, nearly who are in intimate political and social relations with different members of the Cabinet that Stanton has resigned, and that the President has accepted his resignation. It is not however, nearly who are in intimate political and social relations with different members of the Cabinet that Stanton has resigned, and that the President has accepted his resignation. It is not followed in a third, from which it was removed. this assignment of his reasons for preventing one hundred souls, officers and men, on board positively known that such is the fact the hill from becoming a law the President the bill from becoming a law, the President proceeds to declare his purpose to execute it as a law by his plenary dictatorial power. He doubtedly have been blown to atoms had it expleded. It should be remembered that in constructing our light-draft gunboats it is im-

A SULPHUR BLAST AT WHEELING .- The Wheeling Intelligencer says that on Friday evening last there was much vivid lightning. After a particularly terrible flash, persons who happened to be passing along the pike east of the city experienced a strong blast of sulphur, which swept down the Weeling creek valley, and was almost stifling. The "airs from heaven" brought what people were induced o suppose were blasts from the regions of Old Harry. It is supposed that some of the Old Harry. It is supposed that some of the numerous coal beds along the valley had been If they continue butting against our works they will soon wear themselves out without they will soon wear themselves out without

It is said on the best authority that cretary Fessenden has called upon Collector Barney, of the New York Customhouse, to esign. The reasons alleged are said to have been derived from the evidence taken by, and the reports of, the several Congressional Inrestigating Committees. The Secretary believes the interests of New York merchants and of the country demand an official of more capacity than the present incumbent.

Ger. Hunter having arrested and imprisoned the editor of the Parkersburg Gazette, Mr. Wharton, that individual announces publicly that he will enter suit against General Hunter titer false imprisonment and not let Hunter "for false imprisonment, and not let it rest when he is out of service until his means are exhausted or the courts determine that he has no redress." Mr. Wharton, we may add, formerly edited the Wheeling Times, and afterward a paper in Massillon, Ohio.

An English company bas attained a grant for a bank at Bogots, Columbia, with the right to establish numerous branches. Its bil's are to be received by the Government in payment of taxes. It proposes to furnish ex change between the principal towns in the ountry and the ports with which the Columbians trade, and its establishment gives general satisfaction.

Under authority from Gen. Rosecrans, deneral Edwin Price has visited the camps of Perkins and Holtzelaw, in Missouri. The object is to learn if they are regularly commissioned officers or guerrillas. If the former is the case, General Rosecrans proposes holding the Confederate Government responsible for their acts; if not, then he will treat them as highwaymen. So say the St. Louis papers.

TRUE! VERY TRUE!-The Naw York Tribune, in a late editorial, says: Our public burdens are fearful; our taxes are enormous; our public debt, already fright-rul, is steadily augmenting; we are freshly summoned to send half a militon more men to the battlefield. Never, since the discovery of Arsold's treason, have blacker clouds hung over us; our trust is in God alone. Never was a national appeal to the Father of Mercies ore appropriate than now.

While the woods in the vicinity of Montreal were on fire last week, the smoke made the day so dark that the river steamers were unable to proceed on their voyages.

It is reported in Evansville that fifteen guerrillas crossed into Illinois last week, and are helping themselves to horacflesh, &c. They crossed at the mouth of the Wabash.

It stated that two days before the negro oldiers reached Henderson Colonel Sypert knew they were coming, and in what force. There is a small band of guerrillas in

Posey county, Indians, impressing horses and such other property as they may want. The village of Waterford has made a ontract with the New York bounty brokers

too fill its quota under the last call. of Mason county.

TELEGRAPHIC.

YESTERDAY'S NOON DISPATCHES. Particulars of Averill's Victory. The Rebels Completely Vanquished. Frem Our Fleet in Mobile Harbor. The Sinking of the Tecumseh be-

lieved to be Uatrue.

From the Army of the Potomac. Siege of Petersburg Progressing. Gen. Longstreet Re-enforces Hood. Important Meeting of the Cablact. Rumored Resignation of Stanton. From Our 2rmy before Atlanta. General Sherman's Official Report. List of Our Losses before Atlanta.

NEW YORK, August 10. The Tribune's special from Harper's Ferry The fribune's special from Harper's Ferry give the particulars of Averili's victory. Gen. Averill attacked the combined forces of Mc-Causland, Gilmore and McNeil on the morning of the 7th, and, after a spirited fight, completely routed their entire command, capturing all their artillery (four pieces), vast quantities of small arms, 400 horses and equipments, and 420 prisoners, including six field and thirty-two company officers.

The Enemy's Loss Estimated at

Ten Theusand.

and thirty-two company officers.

McCausland, with his demoralized command,
fled to the mountains. Our loss is compara-

when he left active preparations were being made for an immediate action by Farragut. He describes Fort Morgan as a brick struc-ture on the Sumter plan, and banked up, cs an additional precantion, with aand, so that the front is considered impregnable; but, being once passed, can readily be reduced by an attack from the rear.

which has been stationed there for six m Maury's statement that the Tecumseh was

sunk by Fort Morgan is totally disbelieved at the Navy Department. The vessel was not likely to engage the fort, and no chance shot likely to engage the f could have sunk her. The same correspondent says it is generally selleved in the Army of the Potomac that Lee believed in the Army of the Potomac that Lee has sent Longstreet's corps to Hood's assist-

New York, August 10. The Times' Washington special says Meade and Burnsice each casts the blams of the Petersburg flasco on the other. It appears that on a modification of the order the night previous a misunderstanding as to who should superintend the attack occurred, and neither was present to take command. The Herald's correspondent from near At-

lanta says: Operations around the city have settled down to a regular siege. We are cunding away on every side, and it is doom-It is believed that the rebels garrison their forts and intrenchments with militia, and use their veterans to operate with when required

their line remaining so they can be massed with great rapidity.

Yesterday a demonstration was made along our line, resulting in driving the rebels back to their intrenchmenta, gaining their rifle-pits and capturing a picket reserve of 125 men. doing us much hurt, and run the risk of los-

ing their communications, upon which we are onstantly operating.

The Macon line is the only one left them, and it is said we have destroyed that. If so, we have them if they cannot succeed in bursting our line somewhere; yet we are so powerfully intrenched that a single line is able to hold

our works against any assault of theirs.

The clearliness and comfort of the inmates of the hospitals reflects great credit on the medical gentlemen in attendance. The Herald's Army of the Posomac correspondent of the 7th says the efficiency of the whole command is being constantly increased by the return of the convalescents and wound

WASHINGTON, August 10. Gen. Sherman, in transmitting his official report to Hallsck, says, although the number of dead rebels seems excessive, he is disposed to give full credit to the report that our loss was only 3,521 in killed, wounded and missing. The enemy's dead on the field alone amounted to 3,220.

The total priceptor test North is 1,017, to

The total prisoners sent North is 1,017; total prisoners in our hands wounded 1,000. Estimated loss of the enemy at present 10,000. CINCINNATI, August 10. River risen 4 inches. Weather clear. Thermometer 90; barometer 20:45.

ACTIVITY IN THE BONDS OF THE REBEL COTron Loan.—We learn that these bonds were very active in London on the 231 of July, and for the previous ten days. This was caused by unfavorable news respecting Grant's opera-tions before Petersburg, the rebel invasion, and the fact that the port of Wilmington, N. C., was still open to blockade runners. One

party in London purchased six'y thousand pounds sterling worth of the bonds, and re-alized upon them six thousand pounds in ten days, as they were worth twenty per cent. more than Mr. Chase's United States sixes. If intelligence in regard to the unsuccessful operations before Petersburg three or four weeks ago had such an effect in London, what may be expected when news of the last disaster—the terrible mining massacre and its train of misfortunes—shall be received? It is too bad that the coefficience of foreign capitalists in Union securities should be thus shaken through the blandering of incompetent Geneals like those who occasioned the last mishau at Petersburg. It should be stated that the rebel bonds referred to are special ones, tho payment of which is guaranteed by the rebeis in cotton at six ponce per pound, and of which, we see it stated, less than one million dollars worth was outstanding at last accounts

The Evansville Journal says:

We have it from the most remaine authority that Colonel or Brigadier General Adam Johnson and Colonel Sypert have now encamped in son and Colonel Sypert have now encamped in a county from 700 to 800 men finely Union county from 700 to 800 men finely armed and equipped and well mounted. There is also in Crittenden county a company of 125 were expected in Union county yesterday, and another force of 200 or upwards, with two pieces of artillery, under command of Colonel Woodward, was daily expected to join Johnson.

Oa Sunday last Johnson visited Uniontown and levied on 6,000 bushels of corn in the cribs of Munchoff's distillery, 1,000 bushels of which were hauled off Other Union men were robbed of all manner of goods of use to the

General McDowell, commanding in California, recently ordered the arrest of Bishop Kavanaugh, of the Methodist Church Herry S. Jefferson w. s (lec'ed cheriff South, on suspicion of being a rebel emissary, but released him after an examination.

side Green Street, two doors b low the Customhouse.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 11, 1864.

TICE TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS. he Daily Democrat delivered by carriers oughout the city will hereafter be at the of twenty-five cents per week, includthe Sunday paper.

Important Notice. wing to the increased expense of every after the Dally, by mail, will be one person arrested, the grandmother of the

Important to News Dealers.

We understand that General Sherman has ed an order by which any person who ires to can sell papers at the front, thus troying the monopoly which has so long ovenienced the army, and deprived it of ull supply of papers.

ersons can procure any number of pa rs at this office at the usual rate of three case is thoroughly investigated we will give lars per hundred; postage added, if by the full perticulars.

CITY NEWS.

times and at the shortest notice. Seero Man Killed -Yesterday morning CAPTURE OF GUERRILLAS -On Sanday last out 11 o'clock a difficulty occurred on Mara detachment of the Ninth Pennsylvania cav street, near the corner of Floyd, which realry, under command of Lieut, Tachaw, of the ted in a negro man, the property of Robert S'x h Kentucky cavalry, who is on detached Campbell, being killed by a white boy duty here by order of General Sherman, was, ned Louis Schoenfield. The negro man by order of Captain Ferris, sent out in search working at the store of Byers & Mcof guerrillas who have for some time infested mpbell, on Markel street, between Brook Jefferson and Bullitt counties. They returned d Floyd, and next to the store is a stable, yesterday morning, bringing with them four which a party of boys-Louis being prisoners-Thomas Pratt, of the Terth Kenong the number-went to get some horsetucky rebel cavalry, George Day, J. F. Blankir to make a chain. As they came out they enbaker and Chatles Marshall, who were capere roughly accosted by the negro man, who tured by the squad in Bullitt and Jefferson dered them to go back and put the horsecounties. The three latter claim to be citiir down, which they refused to do. The zens, but are said to be guerrillas. The gro then drew a rock and said he would former, Pratt, claims to be a Captain in the ock them down if they did not ob y his rebel army. He has been arrested several mand. To this Louis, who was the oldest, times before, and has twice succeeded in olied if he struck one of the boys in the making his escape from the military prison ad with a rock he would not hit any other here and being once released upon taking the son. The negro then threw the rock at oath of allegiance. At the time he was captured nis, who drew a pen-kuife and stabbed him he had in his possession a caddle and horse the side, inflicting a wound from the effects marked U. S, and it is supposed that he was which the negro died in fifteen minutes. one of the party who murdered Lieut. Curry. he boys were all very small, the one who Upon his arrival here he was sent to Barracks flicted the fatal wound not being over fif-No. 1 and placed; in irons. We understand en years of age. The negro was a stout that these parties will be transferred to Lexan, and in no way connected with the stable. ington to be tried by the military commission choenfield will have an investigation before now in session there. ndge Johnston this morning. GUERRILLAS ON THE FRANKFORT RAILROAD.

LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT JOB OFFICE,-We e now prepared to do all kinds of job printg, plain and in colors, at prices to suit the nes and at the shortest notice.

here was considerable excitement among the Goody, all of which they afterwards returned, ee negroes on Tuesday night, caused by a with the exception of Mr. Goody's. Beyond scent being made upon them by the police, the se'zure of horses, they committed no accordance with orders from official sources. depredations that we heard of. In what their church on Ninth street, and when the our informant was unable to state. ble gentlemen began to gather, accompanied arance and the male portion of the commuity were taken to the barracks much egainst racka yesterday. The receipts amounted to will, but as it was a military necessity. ey were compelled to yield. At other route to the front to rejoin their regiments. nts others were picked up, and before and seven deserters from Cincinnati. The rning the officers had succeeded in getting transfers were ninety men to various points, me two hundred able-bodied men, who were two Federal prisoners to Nashville, and eight nfined in Barracks No. 1. The negroes were prisoners, including six guerrillas, to Lexingken out yesterday morning for inspection, ton, to be tried by the military commission number were sent out to work on the fortiations, some enlisted and others were re-

The following is a list of persons arrested n this city and county, charged with belonging semble at the City Hall at the usual hour. o the Sons of Liberty : Joshua F. Bullitt, Chief Justice of Kentucky-residence, county; G. W. G. Payne-residence, city; Dr. H. F. Kalus, ex Colonel Fiteenth Kentucky-residence, city; John Colgan, city; W. K. Thomas, Jailer Jefferson county-residence, city; Altred Harris, President Louisville Water Companyidence, city; Thomas Jeffries, city; J. R. Buchanan, President Democratic Central Com- August 7: mittee, city; M. J. Paul, Chief Fire Departnent, city; John Hines, Henry Stickrod, Michael Carroll, Wm. Fitzhenry, Erwin Bell, A. J. Brannon, Thos. Miller, county; A. J. Mitchel, John Rudd, R. S. Tharin, Charles J. Clafke, B. C. Redford, John H. Talbott, Wm. G. Gray, R. S. P. Vaughn, Dr. A. B. Chambers.

POLICE PROCEEDINGS-Wednesday, August 10.-Rosa Stakenon was found on the street at late hour, and her story being very correct, she was discharged by the arresting officer. A boy by the name of John Crowley was surrendered by his father, who has been abusng and cursing his aged sire; sent out for the

F. Laffner, disorderly conduct; own bond to keep the peace.

Several warrants were disposed of.

time being.

THE MINSTRELS.—Adams, Ames & Coriell's band of negro minstrels will open at Masonic Temple to-night. Mr. Coriell, one of the proprietors, is well known as the great boneplayer, who stands un equaled in his great solo, while the entire company is composed of cminent artistes. The programme offered is varied, consisting of sorgs, dances, burlesques, &c. We have no doubt but that the hall night. They took horses from Ed. Brinley,

RELEASED FROM THE MILITARY PRISON.-By order of Col. Fairleigh, commander of the post, the following political prisoners, who were confined in the military prison, were released from that institution upon condition that they go north of the Ohio river and remain there during the war : W. D. F. Timberlake, R. Shon, W. W. Coleman, W. W. Wilson, Mermickel Moore, Green Clarkson and signed. Our dispatches this morning may

A difficulty occurred on Sixth street yesterday, near Main, between a white boy and | nomination of a member of Congress in that | Second and Third, Louisville, Ky. a negro, caused by the impudence of the lat- district of Ladiana will meet at Jeff rsonter. The negro boy, who was the largest, ville, Indians, to day. The contending canseized hold of the white boy, when the latter | didates before the convention are Mr. Kerr which he struck the negro over the head, in-

We learn that all the political prisoners

who were arrested in this city and confined in

the barracks, have been removed from that

institution to the military prison, at the corner

Yesterday was another exceedingly hot

of Teath street and Broadway.

ting 96 degrees in the shade.

managed to get hold of a heavy rock, with and Mr. Dunham. The train from Nashville arrived on flicting a deep gash, and knocking him to the time last evening. All was quiet along the ground. Our readers should not forget that there ber of prisoners were brought up and confined will be a grand entertainment at Masonic in Barracks No. 1. Temple to-morrow night, for the benefit of

line, so far as we could learn. A small num-The train for Lexington this morning Mr. Holland. The hall will be crowded, and those who wish seats should engage them at

will carry up one rebel surgeon, two bashwhackers and two cit'z in prisoners, who are to be tried by the military commission. The provost guard of this city yester-

day arrested a deserter from the Federal army by the name of James Maddox. He had deserted from the Seventh Oale cavalry.

We are under obligations to Mr. W. H. day, the mercury in the thermometer indica- Ehr.ch, the popular newsdealer at the corner of Third and Main streets, for favors.

When you want job printing come to When you want job printing come to the Democrat Office, see samples and leave the Democrat Office, see samples and leave. your orders.

A MYSTERIOUS CASE-THE BODY OF AN OPERATION OF GUERRILLAS.-A company of INFANT FOUND IN AN OUT-HOUSE-THE guerrillus, numbering about eighty, crosses MOTHER OF THE CHILD ARRESTED .- At an Green river near Hebardsville, on Friday last, early hour yesterday morning the body of an coming into Henderson county. From Owensinfant was found in the sink attached to a res- boro down their path was marked by a gen idence on Eighteenth and Market streets, eral robbery. Persons met in the road were which fact was communicated to the police, required to "stand and deliver" their conveniwho had the body fished out. From the ap- ent cash. Two arrived in advance of the main pearance of the child, which was a male, it body at Long's grocery, about one and a half could have been but a few hours old when de- miles from Hebardsville, near which place posited there, if indeed it had not been still- they robbed Mr. W. C. Priest of about \$12 in orn. The house was occupied by Mary Blay greenbacks. Then going to the greezry they and her daughter Annie, who is about seven- robbed that of money and articles to the value teen years of age. From information which of \$75. One, supposed to be one of these two, had before been communicated to officers went to Curdsville by himself and committed Jacob Young and John Martz, policemen of sundry depredations, robbing Mr. E. T. Hazlethat ward, they were convinced that the body wood of \$20, shooting at Mr. White, clerk in found was the child of Annie Blay. They ac- a tobacco factory, of whom he got \$80. He cordingly arrested her and her mother and then robbed several stores and individuals of confined the two in jail. Owing to the illness money. A part of the main body stopped at of Annie Biay she was removed from the city the store of Trice & Hatchitt, in Hebardsville, prison to the hospital. After the arrest of the where a general scene of robbery and plunder party the younger of the two prisoners ad- toek place. They estimate their loss at full mitted that the child found in the sink was \$500, besides a good horse taken from Mr. hers, but claimed that it was an accident that Trice. One, more daring than the rest, went cle used in the printing business, and an the child had got into the sink. Her story is to the money drawer and took the money, and ance of twenty-five per cent. on the ex- altogether improbable, and she will therefore forbid any payments being made for goods, se of composition, we are compelled to be kept in confinment until her case can be drawing his gun on Mr. Hatchitt and threatrease the cost of the Daily Democrat. investigated before the courts. The older ening to shoot, calling him a d-d black abolitionist. This was evidently news to Mr. H., lar per month, or six dollars for six child, claims to be entirely ignorant in regard he having previously been looked upon by the, or ten dollars per year-always in to the matter. From all the facts which have some as a rebel, though denying both in per been elicited in the case, it is believed that son. the girl had been seduced through the arts of some vile villain, and that the child referred to

LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT JOB OFFICE,-We are now prepared to do all kinds of job printwas the offspring of her sin, and in order to ing, plain and in colors, at prices to suit the times and at the shortest notics.

conceal her shame and ruin she had destroyed

the life of a human being. As the parties are

under arrest, and the case is to be fully inves-

tigated before the courts, we forbear making

LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT JOB OFFICE.-We

are now prepared to do all kinds of job print-

ing, plain and in colors, at prices to suit the

We learn that a party of guerrillas, said to

number thirty-nine, made a raid on O'Bannon's

Station, on the Louisville and Frankfort rail-

road yesterday. They stole a number of horses

from Messrs. O'Bannon, Dr. Force and A.

was referred the pctition for a new ferry will

make their report, and that the matter will be

acted upon. In addition to this there will be

other matters of interest before the Council,

List of sick and wounded Kentucky

ARRIVAL OF POLITICAL PRISONERS FROM

Boone County.-The following persons, citi-

recently arrested, charged with being mem

pers of an organ'zation styled the "Sons of

and confined in Barracks No. 1: Henry Ter-

rell, Warren Rogers, Edmund Grant and Jas.

GEERRILLAS AT MIDDLETOWN.-The Guer-

Thos. Chamberlain and Ben. Johnston. They

left one o'd broken down grey horse at Brin-

ley's stable. They left without doing any

other damage, but in what direction is not

RUMORED RUPTURE IN THE CABINET .- The

dispatch yesterday to the Louisville Board of

Trade from Cincinna'i stated that it was ru-

mored that Saward, Blair and Welles had re-

The Democratic convention for the

T. Grant.

known.

settle the question.

sultable for boss of all ages.

soldiers transferred to Nashville hospital

L. Herd, 3d, ulcers from vaccine,
Wm. Mahoney, 10th, scurvy.
J. H. Bidwelt, 17th. arm.
J. L. Edgar, 3d cavalry, diarrhea.
B. Naving, co. K, 15th. rheumacism.
W. C. Meader, co. H, 9th, pneumon's.
W. J. Graham, co. B. 8th, ch. diarrhea.
T. C. Ford, serg't, 17th, int. fever.
Wm. Kellar, co. H, 17th, left foot.

and a full attendance is desired.

now in session there.

INQUEST No. 245-Held August 9.b, 1864, on Hancock, between Walnut and Madison any further comments. If, as some claim, the streets, on the body of John Griffy, sged eight death of the child was caused by abortion, years. Verdict-"Came to his death by drowning, while playing in a pond near Owsley above. the person who perpetrated the act should be arrested and severely punished. When the & Co.'s porkhouse."

INQUEST No. 246-Held same time and place, on the body of Michael Griffy, aged 10 years. Verdict-"Came to his death by drowning, while attempting to rescue his brother John.'

J C. GILL, Coroner. INQUEST No. 247-Held August 10th, 1834, at the jail, on the body of a male infant (new born) The verdict is, that the said infant was found dead in a vault on Eighteenth, between Market and Jefferson streets, and is supposed to have died from violence at the hands of some one unknown to the jary.

J C. GILL, Coroner. INQUEST No 248-Held August 19th, 1864, at the store of Byers & McCampbell, on Market, between Brook and Floyd streets, on the body of Aaron, slave of Byers & Mc-Campbell. Verdict-came to his death at or about 11 o'clock in the morning, from a knife wound in and upon the left breast, inflicted by Louis Schoenfield.

J. C. GILL, Coroner.

TRANSFER OF REAL ESTATE.—The following transfers of real estate were made in the city of Louisville from the 5th to the 10.h inst.:

159 00

On Monday night last a soldier belong ing to the Tenth Tennessee intantry, while passing down the Nashville and Northwestern railroad, was fired upon and severely wounded here was a fair given by this class of persons direction they went after leaving O'Bannon's in the arm. It is not known whether it was intentional or accidental.

> The sale of pictures will be continued ed amount of business transacted at the barevery night this week by Gilbert & Co., 418 Maia street.

> only sixty-two men from various points, en When you want job printing come to the Democrat Office, see samples and leave

> > The Democratic Free Press of St. Louis has suspended.

LOCAL NOTICES.

MEETING OF THE COUNCIL TO-NIGHT -This Gilbert & Co. will sell a large lot of is the night for the regular meeting of the second-hand farniture, carpets, divans, chairs, lounges, sofas, &c., this (Thursday) morning. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock. General Council, and they will accordingly as-We understand that the committee to whom

Ladies can find the latest styles of hate for themselves and children at Green's, comer Main and Fourth. This house has original styles, and always obtain their Eastern goods-from the most celebrated houses. d&n

Parents should get Hurley's popular worm candy to give their children when they wish a reliable remedy for worms. We hear it ______je23d&n spoken of very highly.

pictures are made at the Gem Gallery, No. 335 Market street. Cheapest place in the ciry. Go there. DENTISTRY .- E. D. Mason will resume the

practice of his profession in the effice former iy occupied by Dr. Budd, Jefferson street, be tween First and Second. rug9-c6

For coughs, colds, asthma and consumption, try one 50 cent bottle of Dr. Strickland's Mclliflaous Cough Balsam. We have tried it and can recommend it.

zens of Boone county, Kentucky, who were WHOLESALE MILLINERY GOODS .- Olis & Co.'s wholesale millinery house, at 516 Main street (up stairs), is well supplied with a full line of staple and fancy millinery goods. They have a full line of pista black and fancy edged Liberty," were yesterday brought to this city velvet ribbons, bonnet ribbons, quilled rib-bons, laces, head nets, caps nets and trimmed hats, which they sell with as much pleasure as We are indebted to J. M. Armstrong, when goods were not advancing so rapidly. jyll dtf

corner of Fourth and Main streets, for late Hay, Corn, Oats, Bran, Shorts, Eastern papers. Mr. A. has just returned atter having completed his arrangements for Baled Straw, Petatoes, Dried the "fall campaign." His house is a "general Fruits, Butter and Eggs. head quarters" of merchant-made clothing, GEORGE R. PATTON and always presents a complete assortment

Grain Dealer and Produce Commission Mer chant, No. 120 Fourth street, between Main and the river, Louisville, Kentucky, keeps constantly on hand large supplies of the above articles for sale at the lowest market rates. rillas again visited Middletown on Monday

MEN'S CLOTHING, at ARMSTRONG'S. YOUTHS' CLOTHING, at Armstrong's, CHILDREN'S CLOTHING,

at J. M. Armstrong's, Fourth and Main, opposite the National James R. Day & Co., dealers in fine furniture of all descriptions, on Third street, No 215, between Market and Main. my15 d3m

WHARTON & BENNETT,

Wholesale and retail dealers in furniture Nos. 219 Main and 222 Market street, between

Baby buggies, hobby horses, propeller and foot balls—a full assortment at J. Sues'. Pages of all descriptions at J. Sizes'.

MARRIED,

At the Galt House, on the evening of the 8th Rev. W. H. Anderson, Col. O. L. Baldwin, of the Kentucky Cavalry, and Miss Laura V. Garr,

On the 19th inst., at 8 o'clock A. M., after a short il-ness, Miss Horrense C. Walken, daughter of L. L. and M. A. Warren, aged 23 years. The funeral will take place this (Thursday) afternoon at 4 o'clock, from the Chestnut-street Presbyteria

DIED.

On the — day of August, 1864, in Burlington county New Jersey, Mrs. Karr Jacob Jones, wife of Samuel H Jones, and daughter of the late John I. Jacob, of thi The friends of the family are invited to attend her funcra', this afternooe at 4 o'clock, from the residence of Mrs. Curran Pope, on Walnut street, between East

The funeral will take place this afternoon, 11th inst. at 2 o'clock, from the residence of its parents, on Jackson street. Friends of the family are respectfully in-

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Store Fixtures!

Shutters!

Doors!

Sash!

FORSALE

-AT-GREEN & GREEN'S,

Cor. Main and Fourth Sts.,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

WANTED.

THE HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR DISCHARGED Soldiers and Allens. Inquire at the Democrat office a nce. The choice of service given. Apply at once

au10 dårtf W. WYATT, UNDERTAKER

S. W. Corner Seventh and Jefferson Sts.

LOUISVILLE, KY.,

tantly on hand a complete assortment of Crans, Breed & Co.'s Latest Improved Patent METAL-LIC BURIAL CASES AND CASKETS. Wooden Coffine rnished a tthe shortest notice. ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO DAY

OR NIGHT. N. B. Having had the contract, since the commen ment of the war, for the burial of Deceased Soldiers, am enabled to keep a complete register of the name any, regiment and hospital of all dec in and about Louisville. Ky.

Relatives and friends can receive any information de sired by addressing me at my office. I keep constantly on hand metallic and zinc cases for pping purposes.

Seven Hundred Volunteers Siek in Camp. Young men, be warned in time: supply yourself with HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT. They are paranteed to cure the worst cases of S.res, Ulcers curvy, Fevers and Bowel Complaints.

If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug store in his place, let him write to me, 80 Maiden Lane, inclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents and \$1 40 per box or pot. aul1 d6&w1

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief. "Night Blooming Cereus." Phalon's Phalon's "Fight Blooming Cercus." "Night Blooming Cereus." Phalon's

"Night Blooming Cereus." New Remedies and Quick Cures. Phalon's Phalon's "Night Blooming Cercus."

"Night Blooming Cereus." Phalon's Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus." A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant
Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beau-

ful Flower from which it takes its name. Manufactured only by PHALON & SON, N. T. BEWARE OF COUNTERPRITS. Sold by Druggists seperally.

C. H. BARKLEY.

to. 429 Jeffersen St., bet. Fourth and Fifth,

COLLECTS ALL KINDS OF Government Claims, SOLDIERS' BOUNTIES AND BACK PAY.

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL DUBINARY AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS—no

Sutlers Are reminded that

PRATHER & SMITH.

429 Main Street, Have a large stock of

Military Hats, Caps, Cords -AND-

HAT TRIMMINGS. which they are closing out either by the case or cozet very low prices for cash.

DISSOLUTION.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING to between W. H. McKNIGHT and H. R. WEBBER. Inder the firm of McKnight & Webber. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All per one having claims against the late firm are requested to present them for settlement; and all knowing themselves indebted to the late firm will please call and make settlement. Ether have yet authorized to receipt for all debts due the late firm.

H. B. WEBBER.

W. H. McKNIGHT will continue the business at the ild stand, and hopes, by strict attention to business and sir dealing, to merit a continuance of the lineral pat-orage extended to the old firm Louisville, Ky., August 3s, 1864.—au4

W. H. McKNIGHT,

327 MAIN STREET, 327 Bet. 3d and Fourth, South Side, IS IN RECEIPT OF ANOTHER LARGE ASSORT Carpets, Oil-Cloths, and House & Steamboat Furnishings,

Which will be sold very low for cash. R. ATKINSON & CO., Tobacco Factors & Commission Merchants, 33 BROAD STRET, NEW YORK. A DVANORS WILL BE MADE ON SHIPMENTS TO above address, or to Liverpool, by O. W. Thomas & Co. No. 123 West Main st., Louisville.

Notice to Stockholders. PRESIDENT'S OFFICE LOUISVILLE & FRANKFORT R. R., LOUISVILLE, August 11th, 1864. THE ANNUAL MEETING FOR THE ELECTION OF a Board of six Directors, to serve the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the President of this Company, on lucaday, September 6th, 1894, at 9 o'clock a M. aull de

Notice. S INDEBTED TO HUGH IRVINE il come forward and settle their ac rty days, or be proceeded against ac WM, IRVINE, Administrator, At the old stand

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM HIS OLD friends and the public generally that he has now charge of this well-known and commodious house, where he will be stad to see and pay every attention to all who may favor hicz with their natronage.

J. R. WINBCURN & CO., and dozen and dozen. Warning. ATE MARCELLES, A GIRI, ABOUT 15 YEAR old, who is bound to me, having ran away, I here be warn all persons from harboring or hir iog her. A suitable reward will be paid to any one returning her to me MRS, FOWLER, auli 61 Walnut st., bet. Eighth and Ninth.

Taken Up,

ON LAST SATURDAY NIGHT, ON THE CATHER STORMAR SATURDAY SATURDAY NIGHT, ON THE CATHER STORMAR SATURDAY SATURDAY NIGHT, ON THE CATHER STORMAR SATURDAY NIGHT, ON THE CATHER STORMAR SATURDAY SATURDAY NIGHT, ON THE CATHER STORMAR SATURDAY NIGHT.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE ILLNESS OF MR. S. G. HENRY, whe sales advertised by him for to-day and to-morrow (Thursday and Friday), are postponed until further actic.

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IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE ILLNESS OF MR. S. G. C. HEARKLEY, Abstract of title can be seen at my office.

A data No. 429 west Jefferson street, near Fifth. Journal and Anaesiger copy till day.

OW FEED.—125 BAGS HOMINY MEAL JUST REceived and for sale by

T. L. JEFFERSON.

NEW ADVERTISE'TS. NEW ADVERTISE'TS.

Estray Notice.

TAKEN UP AS STRAYS, ON THE 17th day of June, 1864, by John Martie, living one mile casto f Fairmount Postoffice, two MULES—one a sored mare mule, about 18 years old, star in the forehead, and was appraised a \$0.0. The other one is a bay mare mule, about 2 real old, and was appraised at \$100, tilven under my han this 16th of July, 1864.

WANTED-SUBSTITUTES.

\$600 Bounty.

WANT FORTY SURSTITUTES IMMEDIATELY selected from Allens, Discharged Soldiers, who have

\$5 Reward.

Found,

Fairfield Mills.

Great Western Premium

SUGAR CANE MILL.

Warranted to give Satisfaction, or

Money Returned upon Re-ceipt of the Mill.

WE ARE MANUFACTURING THREE SIZES, BOTH

Nos. 1 and 2

No. 8

s the very la'est improved Horizontal Mill, which is iso simple. It is elifferent from all other mills, and annot be surpassed for ease and strength. Call and examine our stock before purchasing else-

where.
For further particulars, or circulars, address us atour Founder, south aids Main street, between Twelfth and Phinteenth. Liberal discount to dealers.

jeir deodinsîmáwîm PEARSON & AIKIN, Louisville, Ky.

TO THE UNFORTUNATE.

DR. C. H. BURTON,

FROM THE EAST, HAS PERMANENTLY OPENER an office on Jefferson street, between Jackson and Hancock, Louisville, Ky., for the speedy cure of

Sexual and Seminal Diseases,

Skin Diseases of Years Standing,

nd ulcerated teges successfully treated without the

use of mercury or any other polsonous drugs.

Persons at a distance may be cured at home by addressing a letter to Dr. Burton, stating case, symptoms and length of time the disease has continued, and have medicine promptly forwarded, free from damage or urriosity, to any part of the country, with full and plain lirections for use.

Married Men,

TO THE LADIES-DR. C. H. BURTON'S FEMALE PILLS.

These pills, by long experience in private practic ave been found the most useful remedy against those

one transfer of the services rendered.

Office hours from 9 a. M. to 9 p. M. C. H. BURTON,
Remember the name,
BOX 145, Louisville Postoffice,
anii 46*

TRUSSES, &C.

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS.

SHOULDER BRACES.

BETHEL COLLEGE.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION WILL begin on the first Monday in September, with the billowing Faculty:

tollowing Faculty:

Rev. Geo. Hunt. A. M., President and Professor of
Moral and Mental Eclence.

James H. Gray, A. M., Professor of Mathematics and
Natural Philosophy.

E. N. Dicken, A. M., Professor of Languages.

Professor of Natural Science.

Rev. R. W. Morehead, A. M., Principal of Preparatory
Department.

Department,

E. J. Murphy, Assistant in Preparatory and Librarian
With the advantages of an extensive and commodi
up building, a good philosophical and chemical appara
us and a valuable library, the College presents excelent facilities to student desfrous of improvement. The
reat aim of the Faculty will be a high standard o
cholarsh p and a healthful discipline. For particular
information address

REW, GEORGE FUNT, Pres't.

ESTABLISHED 1840.

HAWKINS & THORNTON,

KentuckyMustard Factors

Great Western Blacking Makers,

-AND DEALERS IN-

WHOLE AND GROUND SPICES

Nos. 126, 128, 130 and 132 Bullitt st , Louisville, Ky.

URE COPPEE AND SPICES PACKED IN ANY

style to suit purchasers. Liberal discount to the trade. The highest cash price paid for Mustard and Flax Seed Orders so Molted and promptly attended to.

Something New Under the Sun

Raymond & Co.'s Nervous Tonic,

OR THE CURE OF ALL NERVOUS AFFECTION OVER DELIRIUM TREMENS AND ST. VITU

Teven DELIRIUM TREMENS AND ST. VITUS DANCE, is carefully prepared by the subscribers, with full directions for using it, at their Medicine and Variety Store, No. 'A Fourte street, and sold by the store's package or dozen. It will be sent by mail to any part of the United *tases (excepting those on the Pacific Ocean), por tage free, upon receipt of the price, \$1.75 per package, or 6 packages for \$8.75.

RAYMOND & CO.

CITY HOTEL

NASHVILLE, TENN. S. H. BULLEN,

Late of Louisville, Ky.,

REV. GEORGE WUNT, Pres't, Russellville, Ky.

Dr S. N. Marsh's Patent Graduating Supporters for it realment of failing of the womb.

Marsh's Shoulder Braces are perfectly elasts free muscular action, and do not cut under For sale by RAYMOND & CO., 12mins No. 74 Fourth street.

plaints the emoale sex are subject to such ons, irregularities, white, falling of the rs, all urinary diseases, nervous decility.

latest improved Upright Mill. constructed very yet, for ease, c pacity and durability, they can

cufactured and sold a large number of there season; all worked well and gave perfect satis

old, and was appraised this leth of July, 1864. au'l dlaws*

Distillery. Adoress

STATE OF KENTUCKY, JEFFERSON COUNTY, set.

JNO. A. HAYS, J. P. J. C

ars or more, and persons under 20 years or J. McCARTHY, Attorney at Law, Cor. Futh and Green sts., Louisville,

LITHONTUPTIC PROPOSALS FOR LOAN. WEBER" THE THIS IS AN INVALUABLE AND SCIENTIFIC remedy, prepared by the Graceenburg Company, for Gravel, and all diseases of the Urinary and Generative Organs, and needs no recommendations to sustain its character, where the Grafenburg Company is known, Persons wishing to purchase it must ask for the Graceenburg Company's Lythorituptic. RAYMOND & CO. 74 Fourth st., au'il deod&weow?m

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, JULY 25, 1864. Notice is hereby given that subscriptions will be re selved by the Treasurer of the United States, the several Assistant Treasurers and designated Depositaries, and by the National Banks designated and qualified as n Depositaries and Financial Agents, for Treasury Notes payable three years from August 15, 1964, bearing interest at the rate of seven and three-tenths per cent per annum, with semi-annual coupons attached, payable in

lawful money. holder at maturity, into six per cent. gold bearing bonds, edeemable after five and payable twenty years from

The Notes will be issued in denominations of fifty, ne hundred, five hundred, one thousand and five thousand dollars, and will be issued in blank, or payable to rder, as may be directed by the subscribers, All subscriptions must be for fifty dollars, or some

OST, ON JEFFERSON STREET, between Brook and Floyd, a pair of GOLD SPECTACLSS. The fluder will receive the above reward ov leaving them at an 11 d2* GEO. R. PATTON'S, 130 Fourth st. ultiple of fifty dollars. Duplicate certificates will be issued for all deposits The party depositing must endorse upon the original ertificate the denomination of notes required, and ON THE CORNER OF MARKET AND Third streets, near the meuth of the sewer, a large WATCH SEAL, which the owner can have by proving property and paying charges. Apply to Water st, 3d door below eccound st, shether they are to be issued in blank or payable to order. When so endorsed it must be left with the officer receiving the deposit, to be forwarded to this

The notes will be transmitted to the owners free of O WING TO BAD HEALTH, AND BEING UNABLE to attend to business, I propose to sell my Mill and Distillery. Adoress all dim H. McKANNA. Fairfield, Nelson county, Ky. riginal Certificates of Deposit as they can be prepared, Interest will be a'lowed to August 15 on all deposits PEARSON & AIKIN'S nade prior to that date, and will be paid by the Departent upon receipt of the original certificates.

As the notes draw interest from August 15, persons asking deposits subsequent to that date must pay the sterest accrued from date of note to date of deposit. Parties depositing twenty-five thousand dollars and pwards for these notes at any one time will be allowed commission of one-quarter of one per cent., which will be paid by this Department upon the receipt of a bill for the amount, certified to by the officer with whom he deposit was made. No deductions for commissions must be made from the deposits.

Officers receiving deposits will see that the proper on rsements are made upon the original certificates. All officers authorized to receive deposits are request ed to give applican's all desired information, and

afford every facility for making subscriptions, W. P. FESSENDEN, Secretary of the Treasury.

Subscriptions will be received y the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF LCUISVILLE ENTUCKY, AND ALL RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS throughout the country will doubtless AFFORD FACILITIES TO SUBSCRIBERS.

COST

WE WILL CONTINUE TO SELL DURING THE Table Linens,

Irish Linens, Nainsooks, Mulls, Cambries, Towelings, Table Cloths, Napkins, Doyles, &c., AT 50 PER CENT. LESS THAN PRESENT PRICES.

ALSO A beautiful assortment of Ladles' and Misses'

Lisle Thread Hosiery. At what they cost three months ago.

ALSO, LADIES' AND MISSES' Cotton Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Gauze Underwear,

Sun Umbrellas, &c.,

AT EQUALLY LOW PRICES, AT No. 320 Fourth Street, Between Market and Jefferson. MONTGOMERY & FRYER.

GEO. W. WICKS, (Successor to Nock, Wicks & Co.) TOBACCO AGENT

-AND-GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT. 315 Main St., bet. Third and Fourth,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Persons calling at Dr. Burton's office, or sending for ckages of medicines, may rely upon his assurance of indential secrecy with implicit faith and expect no yee than to be charged with a fair and mutually satis-puncration for services analysis. YARNS, TWINE, 40. OUNCE HATS, JEDDO HATS,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

OSBORN'S. 225 Main Street, Between Second and Third Superior Virginia Tobacco.

25 BUTS LANGHORNE'S BON TON LIGHT BUTS LANGHORNE'S BON TON LIGHT Pressed Tobacco;
30 buts "Peter Parley" fine brisht;
30 buts Langhorne's Gold Leaf fine bright;
100 buts Golden Scepter, Light Pressed;
500 caddies Golden Era and Gold Leaf, MbT;
50 csses Black Sweet, MbS;
30 boxes Putham's Long 10, bright;
50 gross Sunnyside Fine-cut Chewing;
200 do Sweet Owen do do;
200 do Ashland Smoking;
100 bbls do do; in store and for sale by
6 EO, W. WIOKS,
7 SI&d6 315 Main streek, Louisville, Ky.

Steinway and Chickering PIANOS. AM NOW RECEIVING REGULARLY PIANOS from the above celebrated manufactories. I have also thirty Pianos of other makers, at prices from 4290

from the above celebrated landscape and the sales thirty Planos of other makers, at prices from 429 apwards.

D. P. FAULDS, cole Ag't in Ky, for Steinway and Chickering Planos, my'll 228 Main st. bet. Second and Third. HYATT, SMITH & CO., No. 216 Main street, between Second and Third.

LOUISVILLE, KY., K BEP ON HAND AND ARE RECEIVING Pittsburg and other Coal,

Which they sell wholesale and retail. All orders with dell dtf Confectionery. WE WOULD INFORM THE CITIZENS OF LOUisville that we have opened, at the corner of
Fourth and Breadway, a Confectionery, and we will be
prepared to furnish all who may give us a call with Candies, Cakes, Ice Cream, Soda Water, &c. We also have
a Bakery, and are prepared to furnish Weddings, Parties and Picnics.

Corner Fourth and Broadway.

A Bargain to Druggists. WE NOW HAVE ON HAND AND OFFER FOR sale a large stock of Drugs, and everything connected with the drug business, such as jars, bottles, prescription balances, &c., all of which we offer for sale cheap. The stock is complete, embracing everything requisite for the opening of a new drug store. Call and examine f r yourselves.

RICARDIA BRO, and 66°

Notice. I WOULD INFORM DEALERS IN MANUFACTURed Tobacco, in the city, and at a distance, that I am
prepared at all times to serve them in this department
and shall be pleased to wait upon them with samp eso
any thing this market affords, at lowest figures and or
short notice.

Tobacco and General Commission Merchant.
jy19 dlm

106 Main street, near First.

R. E. MILES' SADDLE, HARNESS AND Trunk Manufactory, o, 211 Main street, bet, Second and Third, ay& d3m2dp, Sign of the "Golden Horse Head."

NOTICE.

WE HAVE SIXTY BOXES OF CHEESE IN OUR Warehouse, marked W. & S., for Webster & Son. If not removed in ten days it will be sold to pay charges, au6

LOUISVILLE TRANSFER COMPANY. ASELL FEMALE SEMINARY, AT AUBURNDALE,

MISCELLANEOUS.

PIANO-FORTE IS NOW THE BEST PIANO FORTE MANUFAC-tured, because the maker is a thorough musician nd a practical mechanic of long experience, thu ning advantages possessed by no other manufa the United States, and enabling him to produce in the United States, and enabling him to produce an instrument so vastly superior to others. Such is the testimony of S. B. Mills, I. N. Pattison, Robert Meller, Geo. T. Bristov. Wm. Mason, Carl Anabutz (leader of the German opera), Max Maretzek (leader of the Italian opera), Charles Pradel, John Sundle, C. Jerome Hopkins, and every masician of note in the country.

TRIPP & CRAGG,
Louisville, Ky.,
je28 dt: Sois Agents for the State of Kentucky.

Mutual

Dividend { Declared to Policy Hold- } 40 pr ct.

care and prudence exercised in the selection of its risks. Western men and Western institutions are as fully rehable and quite as safe as those of the East or North. We issue Life Policies in all the forms to be obtained in

LOSSES IN 61 TEARS ONLY \$21,500.

Dividends to policy holders declared annually on the first of January (this year 40 PER GENT.), besides an ampie reserve fund for re-insurance.

SCHAEFFER, Nicholas Schaeffer & Co., Star Candle Factors WILLIAM T. GAY, Gay, Hanenkamp & Edwards. FRANUIS BEEHLER, Upholsterer. DAVID KEITH, Keth & Woods, Booksellers and Sta-

OFFICERS. SAMUEL WILL, President.

JAMES H. LUGAS, Vice-President.

WM. T. SELBY, Secretary.

WM. N. BENTUN, General Agent.

DR. JOHN T. HODGEN, Examining Physician.

LACKLAND, CLINE & JAMISON, Legal Advisors.

H. D. NEWCOMB & CO. HUNT, MORTON & CO. NOCK, WICKS & CO. STURGEON, CLEMENTS & CO. JAMSS TRABUE & CO. J. VON BORRIES & CO. MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

Northeast Cor. Washington and Floyd Sts.

J. BARBAROUX, Proprietor,

Oil Well Tools and Machinery, Hydraulic Presses, and other Machinery for manufactur-ing Tobacco, Lard, Timber and Mill Screws, Cast and Wrought Iron Screw Pipes, Socket and Flange Pipes, Wrought and Cast Iron Railing and Verandas, Force and Lift Fumps, of various kinds, Shaf ing and Hangers, and all kinds of Castings and general Jubbing Work, and dimited

DISSOLUTION.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between 0, 6, JONE's and 0, A, GRAVES, in the wholesale Ciching business, under the firm of 0. G. Jones & Co., was dissolved on the lat of July, by mutual consent, and 0. G. Jones is authorized to settle up the business of said firm.

O. G. JONES. C. G. JUNES, C. A. GRAVES, Louisville, Ky., July 28th, 1864.—jy29

Manufacturers and Jobbers of Fine Clothing

Sixth street, Louisville, Ky.

JOSEPH ZANG. PHILIP ZANG. STEIN, ZANG & BRO.,

LOUISVILLE MALT HOUSE,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

Irish Moss, &c., &c. Highest Cash Price Paid for Barley. Sixth Street, below Main,

TRY BENJAMIN'S ELECTRIC LINIMENT.

A SURE CURE FOR Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Tooth-ache, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Frost-Bites, Cuts, Bruiscs, Sores, Cramp Colic, Diarrhea,

NOTICE.

The large stock of MANUFACTURED TOBACCO in lits grades now held by us will be offered at very low Also FINE-CUT CHEWING AND SMOKING TOto, clears, snuff, &c., in great variety, al attention given to consignments of Tobacco, Leaf or Manufactured, on which we will make advances.

SAMUEL L NOCK, JOHN S. HALL, A. W. HALL, LEVI L. NOCK.

Attention, Dealers. 1,000,000 GIGARS, CHOICE BRANDS, for sale to the trade at the cld prices Also, constantly on hand, a fine lot of manufactured Tobacco, Big Lig. Sine Gut Chewing, in f. il and but k. A variety of Pipes, Ac. All orders promp ly filled.

NICHOLAS LEMOS, 324 Main street, ieas damins

REMOVAL.

THE OFFICE OF THE UNION INSURANCE COM any and the Agencies represented by me have been temporarily removed to the front room over the store of J. D. Bondurant. aul d2m ROBERT ATWOOD.

Ship Ahoy!

J. T. BOYLE, ttorneyatLaw Office-- Hamilton's Building, Corner Main and Sixth streets, over People's Bank

These notes will be convertible at the option of the SAINT LOUIS

Of St. Louis, Mo. Capital Stock, as an original basis \$100,000

Assets, July 1st, 1864, - - - \$323,056 66.

The following, showing the entire amount of losses incurred and promptly paid by this company since its organization, January, 1858, gives ample evidence of the transportation charges as soon after the receipt of the and its assets also show its complete success, and that

> any Company: Where is there a Company that can make a better

showing?

JAMES H. LUCAS
BERNARD PRAITE.
SAMUEL WILL.
ROBT. M. FUNK HOUSER. Funkhouser & Burnete.
CHAS. H. FEOK. President Pilot Knob Iron Co.
ROBT. R. WOUDS. Cashler Merchants' Bank.
JULES VALLE. Choutea, Harrison & Valle.
GEO. R. ROBINSON, Robinson & Garrard.
CHAS. W. McCORU. McCord & Co., Machinists.
JUHN T. THORNTON, Thoraton & Pierce.
ISAAU II. STURGEON, President North Mo. Railroad,
JOAN HOGAN.
HENRY OVERSTOLZ, Cverstolz, Wagner & Co., Lumber
Dealers. DIRECTORS.

tioners.
R. HANENKAMP, President Bank of St. Louis.
ISAAC W. MITCHELL.
D. A. JANUARY, D. A. January & Co., Greeers and
Commission Merchaets.
W.M. J. LEWIS, Lewis & Bro., Tobacconiss.

LCCAL BOARD OF REFERENCE.

Da. LEWIS ROGERS. Dr. JOHN THURSTON.
L. L. JENNINGS, M.D., Special Agent.
Louisville Agent's Office No. 12 New Bank Building,
corner Main and Sixth streets, Louisville, Ky. jy37 dtf. HYDRAULIC FOUNDERY

MACHINE SHOP,

MANUFACTURER OF STEAMBOAT MACHINERY. **Stationary and Portable Engines and Boilers. Mill Machinery. Sheet Iron. Cooper and Brass Work, Circu-lar Saw Mills, Shingle Machines, Sorghum Sugar Mills,

COPARTNERSHIP, JONES AND P. H. TAPP HAVE THIS DAY

JONES & TAPP.

FURNISHING GOODS.

WE RESPECTFULLY INVITE MERCHANTS TO

MALT, HOPS, BARLEY,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

MEN WISHING TO SHIP ON THE REINDERR (gapboat stroice), will report this day. The largest bounty not wages given. Office, corner of Main and Second strees, over Blanchard's clothing store, third floor, or walt House, Come one! Come all!

jyzu &20. W. FRENCH, Recruiting Officer.

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR—40 BBLS BANNER MIL'S Flour just received and for sale by T. L. JEFFERSON

and all external diseases that man or beast is subject to Our motto-"No CURA-No PAY." All orders for Liniment must be addressed to BEN F. TULEY & BRO., my26 d8m No. 56 Lower Main st., New Albany, Ind THE FIRM OF NOCK, WIORS & CO. HAVING dissolved copartnership on the 20th July, the underdened will continue the business at the old stand, 317 Main street, under the firm name and style of NOCK, HALL & CO.

The large stock of MANUFACTURED TOBACCO in

Y HIS NUMEROUS FRIENDS, ON WHICH OC-casion a splendid bill will be produced, and a host rolunteers will appear. The beautiful play entitled ALL THAT GLITTERS IS NOT GOLD, wariety of Singing and Dancing. To conclude with THE OMNIBUS.

Doors open at 7%; Performance ars see small bill". au10 d2 THE CROWNING CLIMAX

DAN RICE'S GREAT SHOW



constellation, one mammoth tion of three separate exhibitions, will Monday, August 15, 1864,

THE CORNER OF SECOND AND GRAY STREETS devery succeeding Afternoon and Evening during the week, at 2 and 8 o'clock.

The features of Dan Rice's GREAT SHOW includes of ar-famed and unrivaled blind horse EXCELSIOR, desented the celebrated Educated Mules, to which are added a wonderful Pe forming Horse S. A. DOUGLAS, and ree more rare specimens of equine sagacity, who will near formed by MRS. DAN RICE,

st appearance in this city, assisted by the em nent artistes. PROFESSOR STOKES AND FAMILY. catalogue of snimal intellect developed by philo HARRY COOK'S ACTING DOGS AND MONKEYS. st. Petersburg and Vienna, who stonished spectator a DRAMATIC CIRCUS, A MINIATURE ARMY, OIRES, A GAY RIDING PARTY DERBY. which will complete the b-1 Y'S WILD BUFFALOES, countains and Idahoe, with a genuic and Camanche Ponies. and Idahoe, with a sanche Ponies, appear at each exhibition appear at each exhibition and spiced by the sanche with the sanche

-ter and philosopher, see "Will exhibit in Jeffersonville, Monday, August 22" Will exhibit in Jeffersonville, Monday, August 23. ADMISSION 50 CENTS, CHILDREN 25 CENTS, auf dl5 J. E. WARNEK, agent. Woodlawn Race Course, LOUISVILLE, KY.

3445 LOUISVILLE, KY., July 15, 1864.

Begular running meeting for the fall of 1864 will companie on Monday, October 10th, 1864,

And continue six days. FIRST RACE. he subscribers, agree to run a Sweepstake, mil-oits and Fillies, 3 years old, over the Woodlaw-ion Course, fail of 1864; \$100 entrance, \$50 for Association to add \$750, provided the stake's condition of the country not preventing, which decided by the efficers of the Association. Fiv-subscriber, to fill the stakes, to name and clos-by, 1844; SAME DAY-SECOND RACE.

Heats (all ages), purse ..

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 11TH. rec Mile Heats (all ages), purse . WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 12TH. o Mile Heats (all ages), purse. SAME DAY-SECOND RACE. he subscribers, agree to run a Sweeps'ake dash le, over the Woodlawn Association face Course ad Fillies, 2 years old, \$100 entrance, \$50 forfeit clation to add \$500, provided the stake is run

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12TH. FRIDAY, OCTOBER 14TH

SAME DAY-SECOND RACE, T-o Mile Dash (all ages), purse. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 15TH.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Insurance Companies Comprising -THE-

"UNDERWRITERS' AGENCY," OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

On the First day of July, 1864. Germania Fire Insurance Co., of New York.

Hanover Fire Insurance Co., of New York sets, as per statement on hie in Auditor's office, Frankfort, Ky....

Niagara Fire Insurance Co., of New York. isets, as per statement on file la Auditor's

ic Fire Insurance Co., of New York. as per statement on file in Auditor's , Frankfort, Ky.

Copies of the above statements in detail, certified as ue and correct by the Auditor of Kentucky, together ith license to the undersined. as Agrat, in Louswille, y., are placed on file in the Clerk's Office of Jeffersor ounly Court, pursuant to statute. R. A. BROWINSKI, Agent.

Copartnership Notice.

RRANK GARDNER AND JNO. E. MONTGOMERY.

Lave entered into coparnership under the name and style of GARDNER & MONTGOMERY, to date FIRE-PROOF BANK DOORS.

VAULTS AND SAFES, JAIL WORK, IRON RAILINGS FOR PUBLIC Buildings, Dweilings, Balconies, Verandas, Stair Cases 23 Green street, opposite the Customhouse, Louis

Twine, Twine, Twine. A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF BALING TWINE just received in store and for sale by McFERRAN & MENEFEE.

Sacking Twine. A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF ASSORTED SACK ing Twine just received and for sale low to close by MCFERRAN & MENEFEE.

Grain Sacks. S.000 GRAIN SACKS FOR SALE—SOMETHING new. We have just received in store a very fine article of deamless Henn Grain Sacks, manufactured from the best Kentucky Hemp. We ask the attention of all persons interested in the pasiness to this article, as being by far the cheapsiness durable services.

ever made. McFERRAN & MENEFEE. Copper Whisky.

A FINE STOCK OF THE BEST BRANDS OF KEN. MCFERRAN & MENEFEE WILLIAM T. SAMUELS,

Attorney at Law GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT. FRANKFORT, KY.

Special attention given to the collection of all ebts confided to him in the State of Kentucky Sugar Cane Seed. 20 BUSHELS JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE
J. D BONDURANT
Main st., bet. Third and Fourth. SCOTT, KEEN & CO.,

MEN'S, YOUTHS' & BOYS' AND FURNISHING GOODS

Corner Sixth and Main Stroots, Louisville, My. HINZEN & ROSEN,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS. Also, Agents for Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs, the best in market. SORTE SIDE MARKET STREET, BETWEEN SIITE AND SEVENTE.

LOUISVILLE, EY. A LWAYS ON KARD A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF PLANCE AT REASONABLE PRICES. WAR COUNTY SECOND TO THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

WHOLFSALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN HARDWARE AND CUTLERY BAR AND SHEET IRON, NAILS. HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, SHAPTS, STEEL SPRINGS AND AXLES Bellows. Anvils, Vises, Piles, Carrienters' Cabinetmakers' and Coopers' Tools, Builders' and Cabinetmakers ard Ware, &c. No. 117 Ms. ket street, south side, bet, First and Brook.

AUCTION SALES.

BY J. V. GILBERT & CO. 418 MAIN STREET,

THIS (THURSDAY) MORNING, AUGUST 11TH, AT 10 o'clock, we will sell a large lot of second-band Furni ure, consisting of Divans, Scfas, Leuger, Car-pets, Chairs, Cooking Range, &c. Terms cash. J. V. GILBERT, Auctioneer.

BY C. C. SPENCER. ONE TWO-STORY BRICK, ONE BRICK AND ONE FRAME COTTAGE AND LOTS, AT AUCTION.

N SATURDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 137H, A7 5 o'clock, will be sold, on the premises, in the follow order. wing order— One Frame Cottage and Lot 38% feet front by 90 4-12 eep, situated on the corner of Magazine and Twelith One Brick Cottage and Lot 38½ fert front by 90 4-12 leep, on Magazine street, and adjoining the above. doep, on Magazine street, and adjoining the above. Terms cash.

After which, at about 6 o'clock, on the premises, on two-story Brick House, with six rooms, cellar, cister and coal house, all in complete order, rituated on the south side of Madison street, between Fourteenth and cash, balance in 4 and 8 months, with inter

C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer. BY C. C. SPENCER. ELEGANT FOUR STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE

ON LEASED GROUND, AT AUCTION. ON MONDAY AFFERNOON, AUGUST 15m, AT 5 o'clo-k, will be percenptorly sold, on the premises, that lar-e, elegant and commonious four-story Brick Dwelling House, on the west side of Third street, between Walnut and Chestnyt, in Stokes' Elock, opposit-Gaivary Church, 5 his valuable house is on long lessed ground, 20 feet front by 170 deep to am a ley. The time and stipulations of the ground lense will be made known at the sale, or by calling at my auction room. t the sale, or by calling at my auction-rooms. Terms—\$3.000 in 1 and 2 years, with interest and lier C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

BY C. C. SPENCER. BRICK HOUSE AND LOT, FURNITURE, SADDLE HORSE AND NEGRO GIRL, AT AUCTION. HORSE AND NEGRO GIRL, AT AUCTION.

NMONDAY MORNING, AUGUST 15th, AT TEN o'clock, will be sold, on the premises, a two-story Brick House, having seven rooms, with all necessary convenience sand in theorough order and repsir, situated on the west side of Center street, near Broadway, After which, a general assortment of fine Household Furniture, nearly new, and embracing a superior Rogewood Parior Set and all articles necessary to housekeeding, Also a fine saddle Horse and a young negro woman, a good house servant, will be sold, The sale will be wholly and entirely without reserve.

Terms at sale, auli

BY C. C. SPENCER. AT AUCTION.

O'clock, will be peremptorily sold, on the premises, a two-story Brick House, having six rooms summer kitchen and cellar, with civtern and stables, situated on the west sit of Hancock, between Walnut and Madison streets, and cornering on an alley. Lot 20 feet front by 165 deen. 05 deep.
Terns of Ssle—1/2 cash, balance in 6 and 12 months with interest and lien.
au10
C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

Special Two Days' Auction Sales, BY T. ANDERSON & CO., Of Dry Goods, Stock Goods, Boots, Shoes, &c. ON THURSDAY. AUGUST 11TH, at 91/4 A. M., will be offered a variety of-

Dry Goods. Also, balance of a retail stock of-Dry Goods, Trimmings, &c.

At 11% o'clock, involces of Overcoats, heavy Ne Shirts and Drawers, Jackets, Hats, &c. Terms cash—bankable funds, au8 T. ANDERSON & CO., Auctioneers.

PUBLIC SALES

Administrator's Sale. ON FRIDAY NEXT. AUGUST 12TH, AT 3 O'CLOCK by order of the administrator eased, we will sell at his late er W. H. *tokes' store, sand niture, including

Iemp Carpeting, nearly new. Also Gold-mounted R fle; 1 Gold-mounted R fle;
1 Fine Double-barrel Shot Gun;
1 Sluly Tent, complete;
1 Flue Gold Hunter's Watch;
1 Extra Burglar proof Safe.
Also, by sample,
15 bbls Extra Liquors;
3 demijohns do;
1 keg do, Also
9 sbares (\$400 each), Western Union';
4 o (\$300), Woodlawn Race Cour
1,000 stock in National Union Press.
1 be Safe can be seen the safe of the Safe can be seen the safe of the Safe can be seen the safe can be safe can be seen the safe can be seen to safe can be seen the safe can be seen to safe can be seen to safe can be safe can be seen to safe can be seen to safe can be safe

The Safe can be seen at the store of Joseph T. Torins, on Sixth street,
Terms cash.

S. G. HENRY & CO.

Suburban Property for Sale. O'MONDAY, AUGUST 22D, AT 11% O'CLOCK, immediately after the Changery sales, will be a

TWO WOOD YARDS Permanently Located.

Large Quantity of Sound, Seasoned Wood Always on Hand, Sawed and Split, Ready for Immediate Use. MITIZENS OF LOUISVILLE! THIRTY PER CENT.

Louisville Wood Company, N. S. LONG & CO., Agents.

OFFICES. Principal Office. Fifth street and Court Place, between the street and Jefferson, basement story.
Corner of Main and Hancock streets.
Corner of Tweith and Green streets.
Chestnut street, between Jackson and Hancock ugh McConneil's.
Corner of Tenth and Walnut streets.
Corner of Eleventh and Main streets.

EF Orders respectfully solicited.

PROTECTIVE WAR

PENSION AGENCY,

Established by the United States Sanitary Commission. SOLDIERS AND THEIR FAMILIES ASSISTED IN the collection of Pensions, Pay and Bounty without S the collection of Pensions, Fay and Collection of Pensions, Fay and Collection of Pensions, Office—In second story, front room, over the Warehouse of the Commission on Fifth street, between Main and Market streets.

R. S. THARIN, ap6 diff

Opened Again. MAMMOTH CAVE

J.Q. & E. K. OWSLEY, Proprietors, MAMMOTH CAVE, KY. GOOD AND ELEGANT COACHES MAKE CLOSE

COOK & GOODMAN. No. 402 Third st., bet. Jefferson and Green, K EEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FINE SELEC tion of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, filver isted Ware. Also, a large assortment of Optics, O at Instruments, Clocks, &c., &c., and a variety of go diable for HOLIDAY PREEENTS.
All goods sold at this establishment are warranted of the best quality. ook sold at this establishment are warranted to not sold at this establishment are warranted to be best quality and the most approved styles. Vatches and Jewelry repaired and warranted. COOK & GOUDMAN.

J. W. COOK, OPTICIAN, 4.02 THIRD STREET, EETWEEN JEFFERSON model and Green, has the most extensive stock of optical instruments. Spectacles, Opera Glasses, Field Glasses, Telescopes and Biereoscopes, to be found in the city, Mr. J. W. C. calls the attention of the public before some bis fineassortment of Spectacle Glasses.

127 Opera Glasses rented. de12dtf

STEAMBOATS.

Regular Packet for Cairo and Memphis. The light draught and commodious passenger packet MAY DUKE, Capt. Sam Houston, Tom Lewis, clerk, leaves for above and all intermediate points this day, the lith inst, at 5 p, m.
The May Duke draws only fifteen inches of water, and therefore passengers can rely on a speedy trip.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to auil T. M. ERWIN. Agent, Fourth st, Regular Louisville, Madison and Carrollton

Packet. UNG. NEAL mester.

Will leave as above this day, the lith
inst., at 2 p. M., positively. For freight
or passace apply on hoard, or to
B. J. CAFFREY, Agent, 137 Wall st. WOTCHANGE OF TIME. TO

CINCINNATI & LOUISVILLE U. S. Mail Line Steamers.

On and after funday.

July 31st, the U. S. Mail

steamers GEN. BUELL and MAJOR ANDERSON will leave daily at 11 A. M. The U. S. Mail steamers EMMA FLOYD and NORMAN will leave daily at 3 P. M. Por freight or passage apply to

JOSEPH CAMPION, Agent, OFFICE-Mail Une Whar, boat, foct of Third street. 1864.

LOUISVILLE AND HENDERSON U. S. MAIL BOATS, For Owensboro, Evansville and Henderson CAIRO AND EVANSVILLE PACKETS.

The new and light draught steamers BIG GREY EAGLE AND TARASCON every Tucsday, Wednesday, Esturday at 5 o'clock P. M.

NOTICE. All freight and passengers must be at the Portland wharf before 5 o'clock r. M., as the boats will not be delayed after that time under any circumstance. Letters, tills of lading, packages, &c., must be left with the Agente, on Fourth street, between Main and the river, before 3 o'clock r. M.

J. H. BUNCE. Sup't.

JAMES M'DERMOTT & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC WINES AND LIQUORS, Old Bourbon and Rectified Whisky, 716 (North Side) MAIN ST., LOUISVILLE, 5-Consignments olicited of every description

XX AND XXX ALE -AND-

BEER, WARRANTED PURE. A LARGE SUPPLY ON HAND IN BARRELS, HALF WILLIAM PADDON & SON

CITY BREWERY. ap14 étf3dp Clgar SMO TURKISH 03 Se. & Pourt McC TOBAC 28 Gre Li

0 HOUSEKEEPERS' DEPOT 121 Market st., bet. First and Second. WE ARE THE AGENTS FOR THE FOLLOWING

articles—
Loize & Co.'s celebrated Kitchen Ranges,
Loize & Co.'s Warm Air Farnaces,
Southern Beile Cooking Stove,
Ailigater Smoke-Consuming Coal Stove,
Balaier's Patent Step Ladders,
sons having Loize's Furnaces.can have them r
d or new pieces supplied, by calling on us,
wis the time to fit up your houses and stores for is the time to fit up your houses and stores fo ter. Our stock of Stoves, Houseker-pers' Goo-ware is complete, and will be sold wholesale an Call and see for yourselves. CREIGHTON & FINK.

STURGEON, CLEMENTS & CO., BANKERS,

Corner Sixth and Main Streets, (NEW BANK BUILDING,) LOUISVILLE, KY. CAPT. A. McGILL IS THIS DAY ADMITTED AS A partner in our cosines. The name and style of the firm will remain as before.

STURGEON, CLEMENTS & CO.

Louisville, Kr., April 6 1864.

Broadway Mills, Corner Tenth and Broadway,

Near Lou. & Nash. R.R Depot, LOUISVILLE, KY. WHEAT WANTED AT THE HIGHEST MARKET

J. H. MONTGOMERY MERCHANT TAILOR

No. 316 Jefferson st., bet, Third and Fourth. HAS JUST RETURNED FROM NEW YORK a handsome stock of Spring and Sum-s, bought cheap for cash, which he will to order, asking only a small prefit. than they can be made anywhere west of tot s. A fit guaranteed in all cases. Also, a large thirts, Collars, Craysta and Hosiery. No. 316 and be suited.

LOUISVILLE HYDRAULIC CEMENT. E. MCHARRY, MANUFACTURER AND WHOLESALE DEALER Office-North side of Main st., bet, Eighth and Nint

LOUISVILLE, BY.

THIS IS THE ONLY GENUINE LOUISVILLE HY draulic Cement, and is always branded "J. HULME 100.," "WARRANTED." Notice. WE HAVE SOLD OUR INTEREST IN THE SH

Store, which has been conducted under the firm of F. North & Co. on Market street, to Everbari & Henning. All persons who are indebted to the late firm of F. North & Co. will please make payment to them, and all those to whom the firm are indebted will call on them for settlement. We cor lially recommend to our friends and the public, our successors, and hope the liberal patents of the property of the control of the contro

UMBER OF VARIOUS KINDS SAWED TO CEDER Box 944 Lot Brick. 200,000 SUPERIGR WELL BURNT BRICK E L. L. DORSEY, JR., Box 244, Louisville Postoffic ap10 dtf

Choice Teas and Fine Groceries. A FULL ASSORTMENT OF CHOICE TEAS AND fine Groceries on hand and for sale low, JAS. T. LANHAM, mc10 [moorter of Teas. &c., 315 Whird at BUTIER .- 20 PAILS AND 8 TURS PRESH WEST orn Reserve Batter just received per express and Main st., bet. Third and Fenril.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Interesting News from Mobile. The Surrender of Fort Gaines. Ft. Poweli Evacuated and Blown Up Explesion of an Ordnance Boat. Resignation of Seward, Biair and

Welles Reported.

The Way Baston Fills her Queta. Three Ship Loads of German Recruits for Boston.

Mere Troub'e with the Indians. Emigrants are Muréered by Them.

Secretary Stanton has not Resigned Command of the V. R. C. Tendered to Gen. Sickles.

Full Account of the Public Debt News from Memphis and Below. Gen. Slocum Relieved at Vicksburg He is Ordered to Report to General Shermau.

District of Vicksburg Assigned to Gea. Washburn.

> Mississippi. WAR DEPARTMENT, July 26, 1864. } WASHINGTON, Aug. 10, 3, P. M.

To Major General Dix: The following report of the success of our perations at Mobile, extracted from the lichmond E-quirer of this morning, has just received by this department from Gen.

Mobile, August 8 - Fiday night Lieut. Col. Villiams, commanding Fort Powell, evacuated and blew up the fort.

Yesterday and to-day the enemy are shell-

men. Anderson communicated with the special may's first by flug of trace with the sapection of Gen. Page, who inquired by signal what his purpose was, but received no answer. His attention was attracted by signal guns. Page repeatedly telegraphed, "Hold on to your fort." The same night he visited the fort and formed Adversors or beautith Variety flut of the rotts have here if they are well supplied with provisions and ammunition. It is understood that the land forces will occupy Dauphin Island, at the mouth of the rotts have a question of time even if they are well supplied with provisions and ammunition.

It is understood that the land forces will occupy Dauphin Island, at the mouth of the rotts have a question of time, even if they are well supplied with provisions and ammunition.

It is understood that the land forces will occupy Dauphin Island, at the mouth of the rotts have a question of time, even if they are well supplied with provisions and ammunition. ound Anderson on board the Yankee floet, ar-ranging terms of capitulation. He left per-emptory orders for Anderson not to surrender

lightly wounded.

General: I have the honor to report the folwing as the result of the edemy's attack on his army on the 231 instant: Total loss in cilied, wounded and missing 3,521 men and ten pieces of artillery. We have buried and delivered to the enemy, unner a flug of truce sent in by them in front of the Seventeenth corps, 1,000 of their killed. The number of beir ceed in front of the Fourth division of the suse corps, including those on the ground not now occupied by our troops (Gen. Blair reports) will swell the number of their dead m his front to 2000. The number of the dead n front of the Fifteenth corps is 360, and the commanding officer reports that at least as gany more are yet unburied. The numb puried in front of the S'xteenth corps was 422. We have over one thousand of their wounded, a larger number of wounded being carried

ring the night, after the engagement, we captured eighteen stand of colors, and eve them now. We also cap used five thou and stand of orms.

The attack was made on our line seven mes, and was seven times repulsed. Hood's and Hardee's corps and Wheeler's

valry engaged us. We have sent to the rear one thousand pris oners, including thirty-three commissioned flicers of high rank. We still occupy the field, and our troops are in fine spirits. A detailed and full report will be forwarded s soon as completed

Recapitulation.—Our total loss 3,520; one

my's dead, thus for reported buried or de livered to them 3,230; total prisoners sent North 1,017; total prisoners wounded, in our hands, 1,000; estimated loss of the enemy at least 10 000.

Respectfully, our ob't servant, JOHN A LCGAN, M. G. TO Maj. Ger. W. T. SHERMAN, New York, August 10

Gold continues weak. The present military Gold continues weak. The present military tuntion is construed to be favorable to the attonal cause at the gold room, and the tenency is to keep gold down. The price has neturated from 255 at the opening to 2531/1. nd again up to 255%.

The Post has detailed accounts, showing

how Boston has been erguged in importing men from Europe to go as substitutes and vol-unteers in the army. Three ship loads, it apcars, have been brought over, mostly from ermany, and the bisiness has been kept such more secret than many of our most im-ortant army movements.

The Commercial says the Government re-

ceived important efficial information from Atlanta to day.

It also says that private telegrams announce the resignation of Seward. Flair and Welles, Gen. Hooker and Assistant Secuetary of the Nauy, Fox, arrived to-day. OMAHA CITY, August 10.

The Indians are hourly committing new depredations, stealing stock, burning trains indiscriminately. They were within 100 yards of the picke's of Fort Kearney last evening, and fired an arrow at one of them.

A coach arrived at Fort Kearney this moreing, and reports having passed several trains which had been burned, and dead bodies by their side. A party of six whites were kill at Thir:y-two-mile creek last night. The f diars have stolen all the stock at Cottonwood Station, 90 miles west of Fort Kearney. This morning a party of soldiers started in pursuit of them. It is well known that rangers, sup sed to be from Quantrell's old band, are

among them. WASHINGTON, August 10, There is suthority for stating that the re-There is authority for stating that the report that the Secretary of the Treasury contemplates putting upon the market a sixtwenty loan, the interest to be paid in gold, is entirely without foundation. Loans authorized by various sets of Congress, and yet available under the set of March 3d, 1863, bonds of six per cent \$33,345,-800; under the act of March 3, 1864, bonds of tent for for for the set of the sov. under the act of Astron 5, 1004, hands of ten-forties, 5 per cent, \$12,501,550; un-der act of Congress June 30th, 1804, Bonds redecmable in not less than five nor more than thirty years, or, if expedient, made payable at not more than forty years from date, bearing interest not exceeding six per cent, payable in coin, \$400,000,000.

New York, August 10
A Cammercial's Washington special says
Scoretary Stanton denies having tendered his
resignation, and says he has no intention of doing so. so. eral Sickles has been tendered command Veteran Reserve Corps, but says he would rather command the colored troops in

the field. The public debt, up to Angust 9, outstanding with coin interes', \$88 483,419; bearing swful money interest, \$43 484 363; on which Interest bas ceased, \$367,170; bearing fo interest, \$522,803,911. Total, \$1,332,649,835. Interest payable in coin, \$5,310,666 70; interest in lawful money, \$21,760,603.

MEMPHIS, August 9. General Smith's expedition has gone out.

General Slocum has been relieved at Vicks-burg, and ordered to report to General Sherestination unknown. The district of Vicksburg is assigned to General Washburn, who now coatrols the river from Cairo to the Department of the

General Dick Taylor is at Meridian, in place of General G. D. Lee, now at Atlanta. SAN FRANCISCO, August 9.

The steamship Oregon, from British Columbis, has arrived. The Oregon brings nearly half a million of gold from Oregon and Idaho. There is a great rush in that direction, and There is a great rush in that did Idaho is increasing in population. New York, August 10.

Returns have been received from all but five counties, of the vote in Pennsylvania on the constitutional amendment to allow soldiers to vote, and they show for the amendment 194,306, and 143,665 against. ST. LAWRENCE, August 10, The Indians are getting very bold, and there s great slarm throughout the country. It is

ared they will attack this point. Many emigrants have been killed and trains burned. WASHINGTON, August 10.

Subscriptions to the 7:30 loan, reported to the Treasury to-day, amount to \$659,750.

WASHINGTON, August 9.

Cincinnati Specials.

A rebel train of twenty-five or thirly wagons loaded with grain, was captured by our forces near Aldie Gap, in Virginia, on Sunday. No prisoners were taken.

Three men of the Sixth New York cavalry, forming one of our pickets, were captured about seven miles back of Alexandria, yesterday, by a gouad of rebel guerrillas. day, by a squad of rebel guerrillas.

Recently notes have been missing from the packages of currency sent from the treasury to the West, involving employes of that de partment in a charge of carelessness, if not worse. It has, however, been discovered that an adreit thief has been systematically samering with the money packages west of Chi-Rebel Troops Trying to Cress the

Recent edvices say that rebel guerrilles under Dobbins, numbering eight hundred, are barassing the people back of Helens. On the 1st lest they pounced upon cotton planta tions below that place and carried away a large number of mults and several negro la-borers. General Buford took instant measures to repair damages with interest if possi-

heard from Farragut's operations at Mobile. It is believed, if any vessel was lost, it will prove to be one of the Mississipi river gunboats, instead of the monitor Tecumseb, as reported. The rebel ram Tennessee was a powerful affair, and Buchanan, her commander, was regarded by many of our officers at the hast man in the rabel news. The people of Mobile are all ready for the ray. Great conflicace prevails.

The people are estisfied with the conduct the immediate capture of Mobile. The city is strongly defended, and, even if a move-**SECOND DISPATCH.

**Mobile, August 8—It is fearfully humiliating Gaines at 9:30 o'clock this morning, by Col. Ches. Anderson, of the Twenty first Alabam regiment. This powerful work provisioned for six months and garrisoned by six hundred ones. Anderson communicated with the same en. Page, who liquided.

cupy Dauphin Island, at the mouth of the bay, for the present, unless some good fortune places the city more at our mercy than is now The Commissioners of the Internal Revenue emptory orders for Anderson not to surrender have just made the following decision. Cottee fort on his return, and relieved him of the as inexplicable and shameful.

Dispatches just received from Gen. Sheridan report his forces as moving against the enemy on the Sherandons. At 4 P. M. they were skirmishing about ten miles from Winchester.

This morning Gen. Grant reported the exclosion of an ordenance hoat vesterday, loaded the smmunitiee, at City Point wharf. No talls have been received.

Col. Babcock, of General

No operations before Atlanta of consequence exported to day.

Portions of Stoneman's command are continuing to arrive, and the total loss does not exceed one thousand.

Why an analysis of the fermion County Union, published at Watertown, N. Y, we district to fill the quota, which is 6,615, extract the following:

There is yet one more convention to be prayer was celebrated in Wheeling, Va. From an able leader in the Jefferson County there are not able bodied men enough in that

There is yet one more convention to be held. If that convention is wise it will lay down a platform upon which the people can stand. The people are wiser than politicians. They have no idea of putting their brains ou to please shoddy contractors, lazy office-hold rs or corrupt and ambitious demagogues They demand an armistice, a suspension of hestilities for three, six or twelve months, as may be necessary, to establish an honorable and permanent peace, or to demonstrate to their satisfaction that there is no alternative but war. Thus far the method of settling our differnities has been that of two shoulder-hit-differnities has been that of two shoulder-hit-differnities has been that of two shoulder-hitdifficulties has been that of two shoulder-hit ters—brute force alone. We now propose do-ing what any two sensible gentlemen would son, negotiate, compromise.

We have the largest, best armies ever marshaled; they are in the enemy's country. We should propose to the enemy an armiseach army to remain meantime in the finds, holding what it has in its possession fully armed and supplied, ready at the expire tion of the armistice to resume hostilities i so directed. The history of war is full of pre nothing in it derogatory to our dignity or

Being in the rebel States, and also the stronger party, the proposition should come from us. The following important circular we flad in the Cincinnati Gazette of yesterday :

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,) EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, FRANKFORT, KY., Aug. 5 h, 1864. The Sheriffs and officers of elections in the ounties composing the (3) Second Appellate District will immediately respond to the fol-

owing questions:
Thos. E. Bramlette, Governor. 1. Did you receive an order from any milltary commander requiring you to exclude from the poll-books the name of any candi-date? If so, give a copy of the order, or append the original to your answer.

2. Did you obey the order in any precinct in the county, and what candidate was benefited

3. How many votes would the excluded candidate have received if no such order had in-terfered with the election? Answer from your best judgment and knowledge of the sentinents of the voters,

4. Were the officers of election or the voters overawed by the presence of, or menace of military forces, so as to interfere with "free suffrage" and a free and equal election? S'ate any additional fac's bearing upon the subject not embraced in the question of which you P. M.

may have knowledge. The recent rains have been of incalculable advantage to the growing crops of corn, potatocs, sweet potatoes, &c., in Southern Indiana. During the past eight days a large quantity of rain has fallen throughout the Southern part of the State, and from all we can gather from farmers we are of op'nion that the short corn crop predicted will be, instead, a fair average one. Late potatoes will yield as well as in former seasons.—[N. A.

Ledger. RETURNED FR'M DIXIE .- Mrs. Sue H. Trigg baying returned to the Department from the Confederate States without permission from the military authorities, has been put under sarole and bond of \$3,000 to remain within the limits, and to report weekly in person to the Provost Marshal General, and to appear when called for, and to obey such orders as may be made in her case by the General comnanding the Department .- [8:. Louis Union.

BUSHWHACKERS ARRESTED. - Two bushwhackers, C. C. Wells and Olly L. Wells, his wife, were arrested in Warrenton, Missouri, on the 6th instant, and brought to this city They were endeavoring to escape with money, jowelry and other articles captured from Union people. They had been circulating in Howard, Rudolph and Charlton coarties with a small band, supposed to be a detechment of Anderson's gang.—[St. Louis Democra*.

States have been dismissed from the scruce:
John Stewart, Captain, Fifteenth Michigan, for absence without leave, &c.; Jss. H. Green, Eight Wisconsin, for habitual drunkenness, defrauding the Government, &c.; Julius Jachue, Captain, Sixteenth Illinois, for not Jachue, Captain, Sixteenth Illinois, for not having rolls of company ready to muster out All quiet up White river. The rebels in of the service; G. W. H. Kemper, Assistant front of Morganza have left.

It is thought that troops in the TransMississtypi Department are trying to cross
the Mississippi.

We Robinson, Lieutenant, Eleventh Kentucky
the Mississippi. cavalry, for tendering resignation on insufficient grounds while the regiment was in the advance in gold, is occasioned by the quantity in circu Twentieth Illinois, absence without authority; Geo. Williams, Lieutenant, Eighth Michigar, tendering his resignation when the regiment was in the front; Geo. R. Palince, Lieutenant, Michigan Sharpshooters, Twenty-seventh regithe enemy at the battle of the Wilderness, May 6, 1864; Second Lleutenant James M.

> while his command was in front of the enemy. Matters are very quiet on the Lower upon passing boats.

guerrillas are numerous, but make no demoustrations upon gunboats. Everything is quiet at St. Charles and Duval's Bluff, and it is thought this forbedes no good, and that out. thought this forbodes no good, and that outrages will break out simultaneously at several

points of a most desperate character. Uader instructions from Washington the following articles will now be allowed to be shipped in to insurrectionary States within the Federal military lines : Ice, poultry, eggs, butter, coal, wood, hay, cattle, sheep, hogs and household goods.

On Tuesday last Captain Gregory's company of Home Guards captured a guerrille, took him to Mayfield, Ky., and shot him.

EXCITEMENT AT GALLIPOLIS, OHIO.-A COTrespondent writing from Gattipolis, Ohto, un- Daily Review of the Louisville Market. der date of August 7th, says that there was considerable excitement in that city over a report extensively circulated that John Morgan, as 50@10, and fancy brands at \$11@12. Sale of 300 bbla with 1,500 cavalry, was making for the Ohio Superfine, Broadway Mills, at \$3 25. At this writing nothing further has been river at some point between the Big Kanawha and Sandy rivers. The correspondent further states that on that day there was considerable activity among the military, and artillery was 1 30. Sales from store at \$1 50@1 60. brought out on the public square, as though there might be something in the report. There is a large quantity of Government stores at Gallipolis.

> The following is a list of casualities in the Third division, Twenty third army corps: Wm. B. Wright, serg't, I, 128th Ind., right thigh, Sam'l Combs, 9th Pa. Cav., left leg fractured. Sam'l Combs, serg't, H, 11th Ky., chin, flesh. Sam'l Hogan, D, 100th Ohio, right hand, con

ion.
W. A. Riley, D., 16th Ky., head.
Geo. F. Tines, H. 63d Ind., right side, flesh.
Sam'l Gilpin, D., 12th Kv., thigh.
Willis L. Gray, H. 63d Ind., killed.
Aaron Weddle, B., 44th Ky., right leg.
Jas. Peasnell, C., 103d Ohio, arm and thorax.

The New York Journal of Commerce states that last week the Suffolk Herald, one of the most influential Republican papers on Long Island, took the names of the Biltimore cardidates from the head of its columns. It is reported that fifteen guerrillas

to be plying their vocation in the Sucker State. Valentine Degenbrun was robbed in Cincinnati of sixty-six English sovereigns. He the Treasury Department to-day, amount to went to sleep on a lounge and when he awoke the gold was gone.

> The St. Louis Union (Republicaan) says The day of fasting, humiliation and prayer was celebrated in Wheeling, Va., as a

day of Thanksgiving. BIVER MATTERS.

ARRIVED-Major Anderson, from Cincinnnati Mollie McPike, from Cincinnati; Anglo Saxon from Cincinnati; Ontario, from Cincinnati; Emma Floyd, from Cincinnatl; J. R. Gilmore, from Cincinnati; J. Lawrence, from Cincinnati; Golder Era, from Cincinnati; Dime, from Smithland;

Panoler, from Cairo, Daparted-Major Anderson, for Cincinnati Mollie McPike, for Cincinnati; Anglo Saxon, for Cincinnati; Ontario, for Cincinnati; Emma Floyd for Cincinnati: J. R. Gilmore, for Tennessee river Palestine, for Henderson; Cordelia Ann, for

erday, with but two feet three inches water in the canal by the mark, and less than one-half foot in the Indian pass on the falls. The weather was lear and exceedingly hot. The river at Pittsburg, according to last account hannel by the river mark from Pomeroy to Falliwas falling, with twenty inches water in the

The river at this point was about stationary yes

polis, twenty-four inches from Gallipolis to Portsnouth, thirty three inches from Portsmouth to At Cincinnati, at noon yesterday, the river was welling, with but over three feet water in the channel thence to this place. Warsaw bar is the advancing to 255%, declining to 254% and closing at

orst place between here and Cincinnati. The Lower Ohio continues to fall all the way to he mouth, and on the worst bars hence to Cairo here is but little over two feet water. Owing to the extreme hot weather, the shallow

water and the restrictions thrown around trade, eamboat interest is nearly played out. The Golden Era arrived from Cincinnati yester day with seventy-five tuns of Government freight and one thousand kegs of nails for private parties, We learn that the Louisville and Portland Canal will be closed for ten days in order to perfect some cessary repairs to the locks. The Llewellyn came down the canal yesterday, and we suppose that after to-day it will be closed until further no

The mailboats leave the wherfboat at the foot of Third street daily at 11 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock Captain James, of the Thistle, recently sunk on he wreck of the Lebanon, writes the boat will

prove a total loss, but expects to raise the barge which was also sunk. A portion of the freight will be saved in a damaged condition. The S. B. Young is the regular packet for Madion and Carrollton to-day. She is in charge of npetent officers. On Thursday, as the steamer Prairle State, was

passing Sandy Bend Island, on the Tennessee river,

she was fired into by a party of guerrillas. One

nan on board was severely wounded in the right rm. The boat soon passed out of range. The Aurora has left the ways at Cairo, having een thoroughly repaired at a cost of 10,000. IMPORTANT INFORMATION TO STEAMBOATMEN -I ppears owing to the rules of the Inspector's office ot being well understood, there has been a good deal of confusion between pilots and engineers and the masters and owners of steamboats, It eems from the rules here published that the Board of Inspectors alone is the proper depart ment for executing the laws of Congress, as well

Jewelry and other articles captured from Union people. They had been circulating in Howard, Randolph and Chyrliou court es with semall band, supposed to be a detachment of Anderson's gang.—[St. Louis Democrat.]

The horseshoers of New York are on a strike, not for higher wages, but for the substitution of the hand made shoe for that of the machine-made by Burden & Gray, of Troy.

It is thought the movements of the rebels on the Upper Potomac were feints to cov r the sending of thirty thousand of Lee's veterans to Atlanta.

If Jas, Murphy was arrested in Cincinnation Tuesday. He is charged with having committed murder in Aurora, Illinois, last September.

A young bride dropped dead in the streets of Hartford, Conn., the other day, from disease of the heart.

Oppice of U S. Suprenvising Insection, I fournation Howard Insection, Insection OFFICE OF U S. SUPERVISING INSE FOURTH DISTRICT, ST. LOUIS, July 24.

as Military Order No. 10, issued by Major-Genera

Halleck.

FINANCE AND TRADE

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT. WENDESDAY EVENING, August 10th, 1864. §
Gold closed in New York to-day at 185% prem.
It is a very common but most erroneous impression that the depreciation of the currency, as shown by the front; Charles W. Spaulding, Lieutenant, lation. If any one will give the subject a moment's thought he will see that other considerations besides quantity should be considered. We have already shown repeatedly the main thing affecting the standing of the legal tender is its being irredeemable. The Government having pledged such vast quantities of coin to the payment of interest on bonds, is powerless in attempts to protect its currency. This act of pledging all its ment, for cowardly and diegraceful conduct in available means to another class of creditors amounts describng his command while engaged with to a proclamation to those who have loaned their substance to the Government without interest by taking greenbacks, that they have no hope for payment. The Governments has thus proclai zed that it is to be punc-

Sirkes, Sixth Indiana cavalry, to date July 25, tual and faithful only to the bondholders. 1864, for having tendered his resignation with-The more greenbacks the Government can keep in circulation the less is the load of interest to carry, and out sufficient cause, during an active campaigr, the better will the Government be able to meet its engagements. Those who oppose the issuing of more greenbacks are generally in favor of issuing bonds at a high rate of interest instead. This they claim will help Ohic, the guerrillas having quit their outrages the currency. Among business men it is a general rule that a debtor in difficulty should avoid the usurers and put all of his indebtedness at as easy a rate of interest markable tranquility in that vicinity. The To say that the credit of the Government will be im-

> al, and the principle is the same when applied to a Government. The Secretary may experiment as much as he pleases, but if he succeeds in bringing up the currency without

resorting to specie payments in full or in part, he will have accomplished what has never been accomplished before in the history of finance. The boast so frequently made that Government has coin enough for usuers but none for those who held the Government currency and who have loaned their coun-

try their means without interest, is not well calculated promote confidence to say the least, The most alarming thing, connected with the Govern-ment finances is the interest account. For particulars of currency matters see specie and

bank note list, [REPORTED FROM THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE.]

FLOUR-Superfine is held at \$7 75@8 50; extra family at WHEAT-Receipts light. Mediterranean and Alabama red commands \$1 70@1 75, as in quality, and white \$1 80

@1 85.

OATS, &o-Oats we still quote at 85@900. Rye is dull at \$1 25@1 30. Barley \$1 45@1 50, with very little doing BUTTER—Is still continues very scarce, retailing at 50 @60c. W. R. in firkins commands 40@45c. CHERSE-New W. R. commands 191/c, and Ohio Ham-

ourg 200 in a small way. Stock fair.

CORN-Continues in demand, dealers paying \$1 25@

COTTON YARNS-Held at 77@830. COAL-Pittsburg Coal is selling at 36c per bushel, and Nut Ceal to 28c. FLAX SHID-We note sales at \$2 65@2 70 per bushel. GROCERIES-New Orleans Sugar is held at 22@250 by the hhd: in bbls it commands from %c to 1c per is more. Soft Yellow is held at 28.230c, Crushed, &c., 32.233%c. N. O. Molasses \$1 20 and Syrup \$1 40@1 50. Coffee is

HAY-Baled timethy is dull at \$20@22; at retail \$26. ose, from wagon, brings \$23@25. LINGSHID OIL-Held at \$1 65 POTATOES-We quote from wagons at \$4 and from store

WHISKY-No sales. Louisville Tobacce Market. WEDNESDAY-Sales to-day at the Tobacco Exchange were 320 hhds, as follows: 1 at \$9 75; 2 at \$10; 6 at \$11; 42 at \$12; 43 at \$13; 18 at \$14; 19 at \$15; 12 at \$16; 11 at 417: 4 at 418: 10 at 419: 10 at \$20: 4 at \$21: 9 at \$22: 10 at \$23; 7 at \$24; 11 at \$25; 8 at \$26; 11 at \$27; 11 at \$28; 11 at crossed lato Illinois near the mouth of the \$29; 10 at \$30; 10 at \$31; 5 at \$32; 7 at \$:3; 5 at \$34; 3 at \$35; 5 at \$36; 2 at \$37; 7 at \$38; 2 at \$39; 1 at \$40; 2 at \$41; 2 at \$44; 2 at \$45, and 3 at \$50@50 50 per 100 lbs. There Wabash one day last week, and are supposed

ere besides 2 hhds stems at \$3 70. SPREIN AND BANK NOTE LINE. nowing Telling .150:3158 160:3165 % cent. p'm, .140:3145 150:3155 % cent. p'm BANKARLD FUND.

Trea'y Noter and Onlo I ediana and Rentucky moneys

National Bank Notes. cept—Farmera Bank..... TELEGRAPH MARKETS.

75 for middling uplands. Flour heavy and drooping; \$9 75@9 85 for extra State \$10 30@10 55 for round-hoop Ohio, and \$10 60@12 for trade brands, the market closing with no buyers at the utside quotations. Whisky \$1 73@1 74 for State and \$1.74%@1.75 for Western. Wheat-\$2.20@2.35 for Mil-w...ukee club. \$2.45@2.46 for winter red Western and \$2 35@2 40 for unsound winter red Western. Corn heavy and drooping at \$1 52@1 53 for mixed Western. Oats dull at 99c@#1 for Western, Coffee dull and nominally unchanged. Sugar dull; 20c for Brazil and 20%@ 20% for Cuba, Molasses dull-Muscava 'o \$1 05. Peoleum active at 53c for crude. Wool quiet and firm. Pork du land without material change; \$35@36 for mess. 437 55 for new and 433 25 for prime mess.

Gold a shade higher, opening at 255, declining to 2511/4.

New York Angust 10-P. M

specie. Stocks steady. CINCINNATI, Aug. 10-P M. Flour dull and prices nominal. Wheat 5c lower a he market unsettled. Corn unchanged. Oats dull at 80@87c for old and new. Whisky firmer and more active 500 bbls sold at \$1.73. There was nothing done in mess pork. 800 tierces prime lard sold at 19%c. Bulk meats held %c above the views of buyers. Gold 253@255

Exchange in better supply and easier. Money market

light at 10@12 per cent.

The steamer Scotia, for Liverpool, earried \$69,000 in

The Franklin Bank of Kentucky sells exchange on Montreal, London and Paris. WM. W. MORRIS. WM. W. MORRIS & CO 105 CHAMBERS ST 405 MAIN ST., COUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORL Furnishing Goods, Sutlers' Goods, Stationery,

405 Main St., bet. Fourth and Fifth. Notice. OFFICE OF THE KENTUCKY AND LOUISVILLE)
MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY. THE POLICY HOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that at a meeting of the Board of Directors of said that at a meeting of the Board of Directors of Company, on the 24 of July, 1864, it was ordered call of ten per cent, be made on the thock Notes, losses recently sustained. Frompt attention to the contract of the contract D. McNAUGHTAN, Sec'y.

AT BASTERN PRICES.

Notions.

NRIFS.—
5.000 Starg's Sugar-cured Hams;
5.000 Starg's Sugar-cured Hams;
20.000 bbs Clear Sides;
40 tierces Prime Lard;
200 kegs do do:
200 bbis choice br'ds Flour—"Gold Dust," &c.;
100 bbas Hominy;
100 bbas Hominy;
100 bbas German Soan; 10 bbla Hominy; 100 boxes German Soap; 50 do Star Candles; 25 ½ chests Green and Black Teas; Received and for sale by No. 233 Market st., bet, Second and Third. jy23

WM. T. BARTLEY. Cotton Factor -AND-Commission Merchant,

mr31) No. 33 Broad St., New York. Iden Information to Whom it May Concern. HAVE IN MY POSSESSION A TOOL CHEST THAT was brought from Memphis by the steamer Atlantic and left at Cairo, in June, 1863. Any person addressing me at Cairo, describing Chest and contents, will receive immediate attention to their inquiries.

D. RONDEBUAR my14

PLOUR.—
150 bbls Edinburgh Mills Flour;
50 bbls Lowell Mills do;
200 bbls Macklin's Extra Family Flour;
In store and for sale by
all

Beer Drinking in Munich. Mr. Ten Broeck contributes the followdrinking habits of the Bavarians to the in direct communication with Hamburg. Atlantic Monthly for August:

Bavaria, not including the Rhenish Palaate, uses over six million bushels of cley, and upward of seven million ands of hops, annually, in its brewer-making over eight million eimers, that is, about five million barrels of beer. But nearly half the kingdom is wine growing, and uses comparatively little beer; so is not owing to electricity or magnetism. that this is mainly consumed in the other ized and unmagnetized needles, he conthis beverage. Both manufacture and netize or demagnetize any body.

consumption have their headquarters in —A new method for restoring consumption have their headquarters in Munich. The quantity manufactured in this city alone in 1856-7 was nine hunths city alone in 1856-7 was nine hunths city alone in thousand eimers, or about in England. Having examined several in England. rels, being nearly five barrels a head for

thing like four barrels to each person. power of reflecting light. His remedy is, This is one quart, or four of our common therefore, a mechanical rather than a physcommon tumblers-ten masses are not un- penetrates the old paint, softens its moleto one hundred and twenty of our dinner. once more enables the surface to reflect light wager, even much more. The sick man, tive condition. whose physician prescribed for him a -In France. quart of herb-tea as the only thing that engine, instead of being allowed to escape would save him, and who replied that he into the air, is conducted from the escape pipe would save him, and who replied that he was gone, then, for he held but a pint, was no Bavarian; for the most modern was no Bavarian; for the most modern to copper pipes, through which it circulates Bavarian girl would not feel alarmed in under the seats and flooring of the cars. As regard to her capacity if ordered to drink

DRINKING HABITS OF THE PEOPLE.

The class of men engaged in business, and pursuing it somewhat actively, give less attention to beer during the day. They take a couple of glasses-four of our common tumblers-at dinner, and perhaps send out a servant occasionally during counter-not, however, to treat customers, as used to be done in our country; but as beer had been all day secondary to business, the latter is dropped for the evening, and the undivided attention bestowed

hundred persons, and even one thousand trary by means of experiments. or more in summer, when a garden is generally prepared with seats for the purpose. At these larger places music is ondary images may appear in photographs. for drinking.
Of these the Court Brewery is perhaps

and always in company with others who wished to see the lious of the place, and for the same reason that would have taken us to see a menagerie. Why did the monks never think of applying to such places the figure by which they protested against the introduction of coffee, "the fumes of hell?" The smoke of five hundred cigars or pipes rising to a ceiling which had been thus smoked for centuries the hoarse hum of five hundred voices uttering the German gutturals from tongues thickened by the use of beer, and floating heavily through an atmosphere of densest smoke, dimming the lights and turning all into an indefinite and a picture of Elysium to some minds, but to ours it is not. I never found a vacant seat there, nor felt a desire to occupy one, had there been such. Stone mugs of double the size of the common glasses are used, perhaps to save servants' labor in drawing, which is no small matter, as a barrel of beer lasts not more than ten

the evening.
None of the drinking places in the city are filled until evening. In the afternoon, many take their walks into the suburbs, and turn aside where a glass may be had. On all holidays the whole city is adrift, much of it in the surrounding country, and most of this drift lodges against the suburban beerhouses. summer evenings there are frequent entainmer ts, some provided by the Governvember, a mile from the city, in the English Garden, where sometimes two thousand persons may be in attendance, to the royal bands play. It is presumed that there will always be a considerable number among these who will not be able to stand it an hour without beer, and a beneficent provision is made for such-seats and tables for at least five hundred persons being there provided, and often filled, so that some must drink standing.

The most common manifestation of Bavarian beer-drinking is a perpetual tast-ing, and not a pouring-down of the liquid a glass at a time. These people seem to have the art of doing this thing so gradually and quietly that the soothing liquor passes gently into the circulation, and produces an effect very different from that which would result from swallowing it a glass at a draught, enabling them to drink without visible effect a much larger quantity in the aggregate. They practice upon the proverb, "The still sow drinks the swill," a proverb which would serve admirably the purpose of those who desire to join in the general sarcasm expended upon Bavarian beer-drinking, since almost every word in it seems to express so exactly some characteristic which North Germans and others are disposed to attribute to Bavarians.

The King of Prussia lately sent a silver trumpet to Prince Frederic Charles, recommending him to make a present of it to the regiment which d splayed the greatest bravery in the assault on Duppel. In an harangue made by the Prince to the Thirty-firth Regiment of the line, he declared that all the regiments had valiantly distinguished themselves, but that the Thirty-fifth was the bravest of the brave, and consequently the trumpet of honor belonged

DUMMY ENGINE IN NEW YORK .- A car, driven by a "dummy" engine, was, on Wednesday, placed on the Second Avenue. railroad, to run experimentally. It is nam- called an extra session of the Legislature. ed "Manhattan No. 1," and is expected to They are convened for the 9th. go between Yorkville and Harlem.

Why is a pudding like a siege? Be-

SCIENCE AND ART.

-Tanners' bark is said to be a good thing for surrounding strawberries when fruiting. . It is also a preservative against slugs.

-Several French engineers have taken Mr. Ten Broeck contributes the follow-ing interesting facts relative to the beer surveys for a railroad which will put Paris

-It has often been stated that light will magnetize a bar of steel, but according to the experiments of M. St. Victor, the dis-tinguished French chemist, the common opinion in this respect is an erroneous one. He has tried several experiments upon fine needles, but has not succeeded, and concludes, therefore, that this activity of light is not owing to electricity or magnetism. people. At an average price of three and cludes that light has no effect upon their a half cents per quart, there is consumed in the kingdom fifty million florins, or over twenty million of dollars, annually, in light alone, it is impossible either to mag--A new method for restoring pictures

five hundred and seventy thousand bar-rels, being nearly five barrels a head for found that the indistinct appearance was the whole population, men, women and due to a want of cohesion on the part of Allowing for the amount exported, or which they separated from each other and sent out of the city, there remains some- produced small fissures, thus destroying the table-glasses, per day. But some drick ical one, and consists in exposing the picture, which is previously laid out upon a flat metallic surface, to a mixture of atmost drinks six masses-twenty-four of our pheric air and alcohol vapor. The latter common; twenty to thirty masses-eighty cules, and thus allowing them to cohere, glasses-are drunk by some, and, on a as it did at first, and restores it to its primi-

-In France, the waste steam from the by means of a vulcanized India-rubber tube soon as the train is set in motion the steam a gallon-certainly not, if the liquid were begins to circulate through the pipes, and warms the cars, first, second, and thirdclass, equally; and being connected with each other by India rubber tubing, they can be immediately detached or re-united at pleasure. In a trial of this plan on the Lyons line, two thermometers, placed in first-class cars, marked sixty degrees Fahrenbeit during the whole journey; and in the day to replenish a pitcher for the the second and third-class cars, also, the temperature was found to be sufficiently elevated to allow of the longest winter's

-The lectures of M. Joly, on spontaneous upon the national beverage. A large por-tion of the poor, and many who cannot be tract as many bearers as did those of Rencalled poor, have not the means for this an, Minet, or Michelet, at the College of indulgence; and yet men and women are France. The problem which he tries to seldom seen at their work without a mug solve has been debated in all ages. It has of beer standing near them. Ladies have a place in Aristotle's works. The Fathers the same provision in their families, as also students, and all who occupy rented rooms in connection with the families of the city; from ten to one o'clock servant-girls, with pitchers in their hands and im-mense bunches of keys hanging to their five years past has been hotly attacked by apron-strings, are seen running to and some, and as ardently defended by other from the neighboring beer-houses thick as French savans. Its chief defenders have butterflies floating on a summer sun, and been M. Pouchet, of Rouen; M. Joly, of seem far more as if on business requiring Toulouse, and his pupil, M. de Musset. All haste. No room is sought for renting without arguments in its support, and they firmly an inquiry as to the quality of the beer of believe in this theory. M. Pasteur, who the neighborhood; and the landlady feels belongs to the Baconian school, has made that her chances for a tenant are exceed- innumerable experiments, which have led ingly slim if she cannot furnish a satis- him to believe that there is no such thing factory recommendation in this respect. as spontaneous generation, and that the Scarcely a house in the city is thirty steps birth of animalculæ, adduced by Joly, is from where the article can be had. The due to innumerable germs which float in the places fitted up with seats and tables for atmosphere. The opponents of M. Pasteur, drinking accommodate from twenty to five have, they in turn allege, proved the con--Photographers are acquainted with

often provided, and ladies are frequently found lending the charm and solace of their presence, and sometimes a good deal more, presence, and sometimes a good deal more, many paper positives as may be needed many paper positives as may be needed many paper positives as may be needed. to the other sex, in this self-denying work, having been taken from it—the film of collodion or other prepared surface is removed But the greatest from it, and it may then be used for a wholly crowds of real beer-drinkers go to another class of houses—that is, the breweries themselves, where rooms are always fitted up the form-r picture still remain, and these may appear as a sort of ghostly attendant upon the figure forming the second picture. in highest repute, and is at least a great one protographer, in endeavoring to util-curiosity. I visited it three or four times ize an old plate which had fulfilled its duty during a six years' residence in the city, as a negative of the late Prince Consort, could not wholly erase the image, wash or rub as he might; there was always a faint ghost of the Prince accompanying any subsequent photograph taken on the same plate. Dr. Phipson relates that a friend of his received at Brussels a box of glass plates, quite new and highly polished, each wrap-ped in a piece of the Independance Belge newspaper; a lady sat for her photograph, taken on one of these plates, and both the photograpers and the lady were astonished to see that her likeness was covered with printed characters, easily to be read—the ghost of a political article, in fact. In this case, actinic rays, as they are now called, had done their work before the glass uniform brown color-this may be indeed was exposed to the camera. By another mode of manipulation, a photographer may produce a ghost-like effect at pleasure: a sitter is allowed to remain in the focus of the camera only half the time necessary to produce a complete photograph; he slips quickly aside, and the furniture immediately behind him is then exposed to the action of the light; as a consequence, a faint or imperfectly developed photograph of the parrel of beer lasts not more than ten tion of the light; as a consequence, a faint or imperfectly developed photograph of the man appears, transparent or translucent, for the furniture is visible apparently through his body or head. With a little tact, a really surprising effect may be produced in this way. As a third variety, one negative may be placed in contact with another, and a particular kind of light allowed to pass through it for a time; there results a double picture on the lower negative, one fainter than the other. It is known, moreover, to the more scientific class of photographers, ment—as one every Saturday evening, from six to seven o'clock, from May to Nomay appear in the photograph, having a semi-ghostly sort of effect.

A SNAKE SENSATION-A BLACK SNAKE FASCINATING A BABY .- The people of Warfensville were much exercised a few days since by a snake sensation, which created no small alarm among the mothers in the neighborhood.

A girl, drawing a child in a baby-wagon along the road some distance this side of the Center, left the child in the wagon drawn up by the side of the road for a few minutes while she went to a neighboring house. A man coming by soon after was attracted by a peculiar noise, and by the singular condition of the child, which was staring intently and with a fascinated gaze into a tree overhanging the road On looking up the man saw a huge black snake coiled around the tree, and looking directly into the eyes of the child, while its distented jaws and quiver-ing fangs evidenced its hostile intent. The man had no weapon with which to attack the snake, so raised an alarm, which soon brought a number of the neighbors soon brought a number of the neighbors to the spot. Weapons were procured, and the snake speedily killed. The reptile was found to be about the thickness of a man's wrist, and measured over five feet in length. Black snakes of this size are very seldom found in this neighborhood, and the advent of this "distinguished stranger" has caused no small trepidation among mothers of small children who are in the habit of straying into the woods

[Cleveland Herald. A Western paper says that the old prejudices of workingmen against the competition of female labor are rapidly disappearing. And a lazy gentleman suggests that it always was a ridiculous prejudice; for his part he was, and is ever, ready for his wife to do all the work.

Gov. Curtin, of Pennsylvania, has

Punch says a policeman may be said

FOR SALE AND RENT.

FOR SALE. AVING DETREMINED TO MOVE FROM ACCA, the citr, I offer for sale my residence, on the citr, I offer for sale my residence, on the citr, I offer for sale my residence, on the citr, I offer for sale my residence, on the case of the citr, I offer for on, bath, bank y, store room, linen room, wash room and witchen. On the rear of lot are stables, carriage, e. coal house and three servants' rooms, all under it rofe; throughout the house every modern insement, hot and cold water, &c. Lot is 165 fet on sade of Fif h street by 221 feet to a 20 tot alley and supplied with shrubbery and fruit. This offer a chance for any one desiring to purchase one of the complete and comfortable residences in the city.

I have a supplied with shrubbery and fruit of the citr, in the sale will be made known and the premises etal r ofs; throughou b calling on the subscriber, at No. 488 north aid treet between Fourth and Fifth streets Also, isirable Lot adjoining same, 56 by 121 feet. HOBERT MCNTGOMERY.

For Sale or Rent. WISHING TO MOVE TO LOUISVILLE.

WISHING TO MOVE TO LOUISVILLE.

It will sell or rent my Farm. on the Obiocomport, Ry., conling of a cres of bottom land 30 acres in call. va.

20 acres in meadow and the balance in caller as.

21 acres in meadow and the balance in caller as.

22 baros, staols, hay press, sheds as demand houses, is to sell the hay, secured in barns and stacks, the wing crops. Stock and farming implements efferences—A. A. Gordon, Budley Hamilton, Clovert, Ey. or P. V. Duncan, Louisville, Ry.

22 dim JAS. G. STEPHENS,

23 dim Cloverport, Ey.

A First-Class Dwelling for Sale. A BEAUTIFUL DWELLING, WITH LARGE airy rooms, centrally located, built in the

For Sale---Rare Chance.

SPLENDID BUSINESS STAND, LYASE AND FIX-tures. Apply at Mrs. M. J. bryant's, No. 314 four h street, bet. Market and Jefferson. House and Lot for Sale, ON TENTH SPREET, BETWEEN MARKET and Jefferson, East side, a Frame Cottage. Containing two rooms and kitchen; 1:423% by 52% feet Inquire of MUSSELMAN & CO., aui0 ds* Third street, but Main and the Blvcr.

For Rent. A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE, NEARLY NEW, at a low rent. Part or all the furniture tor all rale. Inquire at the Grocery Store, corner Main and Jacksen streets.

Land for Sale.

20 ACRES-OF LAND, SUITABLE FOR GARDEN-ing purposes, situated on the Shippingport road, within three-feurits of a mile of the city limits. Apply to B Musselman, O'Bannon's Postoffice, Jefferson T. T. SUMMERS, Jefferson st. bet, Second and Third, Louisvil FOR SALE.

TWO TWO HORSE WAGONS AND EIGHT SETS OF HARNESS. Inquire at 230 or 338 Market street. For Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE with property, situated in Jeff-roomtown, Ky., 12 miles east of Louisville. On the Taxiors. It miles east of Louisville. On the Taxiors is Turapike. There are about 5 acres of land, with a of two story bick house on it, and all necessary out lidines, such as servants house, office, carriage-house of stabes. The grand is in a hir hatate of cultiva man fice kitchen and flower garden. Farticular at other is called to it as an excellent situation for a story in the called to the mids; of an excellent community of anome. It is in the mids; of an excellent community. For firther information about the property and runs, apply in person or by letter to DR, SAW-L B, MILLS, and d6.

FOR SALE, NUMBER OF LOTS LOCATED UPON TWEN.

Lieth street, between Grason and Walnut and
Chesnut streets, 30x96 feet Also, on Crestnut street,
between Fifeenth and Sixteenth, Oxis6 feet to an aliey.
N w is the time to buy—a good piace to invest your
greenbacks. Apply to THOS. A. HUGLEY,
je23 dantf Green st., bet, Sixth and Seventh.

For Sale. THE BUILDING ON PRESTON STREET, South of Breadway, known as the "Bluck single sactory," Also-1 Hay Press, Hand Lever, 1 Hay Press, Hand Lever, 1 Patent Shuck Hackler. Inquire of W. L. WELLAR, Main street, Bet seen Sixth and Seventh,

For Sale. SOME GOOD WORK MULES. APPLY ON TH Newburg road, 3 miles from the city, to au4 do W. L. PRATHER. APPLY ON THE

For Sale or Rent, FOR SALE OF REIL.

I ocust Grove, situated on the rabbs. Acts to mood, about a miss from the southouse. The New house contain 12 rooms, a good cellar, ci-tern, all recessary ou-buildings, and an abundance of water. There are nearly 5 acrs of lond, well improved with a fine garden and choice fruit trees. There is also on the orem ises, an exe tient by the should be set by 34, with desks and seats of modern improvement, sufficient to accommodate over 50 pupils. For turbure pasticular apply to SBORNE & MCATEER.

No. 424 Jefferson st., near Fifth.

Or to the undersigned, on the premises.

Farm for Sale, SITUATED ON SILVER CREEK, 24 calliles from Now A banz, Olerk county, Ind., 44 o taining 83 acres, 65 of which is in cultillibre balance in timber. There is 20 acres of mead Heyoe, Market street, near upper Fifteenth str Albany, Ind.

N ENGINE OF 12-INCH DIAMETER OF CYLIN der and 30 inch stroke, mountes on a substantial at iron bed frame, having double slide valve, Juden veroor valve, with moin shaft and fly wheel 10 feel ameter, and one 5 foot pulley 14-inch face lakes connect engine, boiler and pumps. Also two fioliers feet long, 40-inch diameter, with double flues 14 inc dameter. The cogine is as good as new having been use only four months, and is of the best make. The beliers are also in excellent condition. I retire of app off AINSLEY & COCHEAN, Lousville, Ky.

FOR SALE. I OFFER FOR SALE MY FARM, IN SHEL-ill by couchy, Ky., containing about two hun-tions dred acres, shousted six miles south of Shel-byville, near to the chellyville and T-ylorsville plke road, and on the waters of Guest's creek,

STRAYED & STOLEN

Taken Up. A SORREG HORSE, ABOUT 15 HANDS to high, supposed to be about 10 years old, has a large sear on the rightshow der, a selp on the end of his nose and a star in the fore-head. The owner can have him by proving property and paying charges. Apply to J. A. TAYLOE, aul9 a3*

\$10 REWARD.

\$25 REWARD. CTRAYED FROM THE SUBSCRIBER.
Son the Shelby-street road, near Spring
Farden, on Thursday, July 27th, a light bay
MARK COLT, one gear old, d.r. l. gs. mane
and tail all the light. I will pay the above reward to
the return of the colt to me.

HENRY CEPSS.

HENRY CRESS. ON THE NIGHT OF THE 29rs INSP. A prison Taylor, in Shelby county, near Basdad. Sald horse is about sixteen hand for beautiful. is on the nose, some white feet, perhaps three, rath w carriage, walks and trots, has a long back, marks th the harness. I will give a liberal reward for it use, delivered to me, or where I can get him. j.30

WANTED.

Wanted-Painters. 25 FIRST-CLASS HANDS CAN HAVE WORK FOR a year at the best of wages. Having assumed control of our own business, society men not wanted.

W. WILLIAMP, 149 Third street,

WANTED. WISH 7.0 RENT A SMAIL DWELLING HOUSE centrally locured Address L. W. S., 229 Main street tween Second and Tulrd. WANTED.

BUSHELS OF BARLEY.
PETER MERKEL.
Corner Jefferson and Wenzel street Wanted. 1.600 HOUSES AND 500 MULES, for which the highest market prices will be paid. Cail at DAVIS & BACONS' jyl3 dlm Jeff. rson street, bet. Third and Fourth. 1,000 Mules Wanted,

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Office No. 416, north side Main street, Louisville, Ky WM. PRATHER. Why is a pudding like a siege? Because fire and batter are necessary for to be like a Samaritan when he comes out LARD 50 KEGS PRIME LEAF LARD IN STORE both. July 24th, 1864,-jy21 deod 1m

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THE FALL SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION
will open on the first Monday in September used
a full corps of Teacher. In both the Male and Femal
Departments. For particulars send for circulars. Ad
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Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils Blains, and all Skia Diseases.

WILL RESUME ITS REGULAR COURSE OF I TERMS PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS, IN ADVANCE: rd, Bed. Beddier, ordinary mending, and Tul-on in any or all branches. EXTRA CHARGES (OPTIONAL).

Stailonery, cash rates, Music and Dancing (each), per quarter. Medical Fee, per session. For particulars address H. A. CECIL & BROS., Engatethtown, Ky aut dim*

Shelby Kentucky.

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WM. J. WALLER President, Shelbyville, Ky., August 2d. 18 4—and d15

Glendale Female College. THE COLLEGIATE YEAR, INCLUDING A PERIO a. or forty weeks, is divided into two ress irt session commencing on Monday, Septem 54, and the second on Monday, January 30th. The charges for boarding tolt on, etc., are v onsidering the andering the present financial state ample and *legant accommodations and the high prices paid for teach enses. ions for admission, or for extalogues, and nquiry, or on business relating to the Ins.

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GLENDALE FEMALE COLUEGE,
Glendale, Hamilton county, Ohio SELECT FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS, As Auburndale, Mass.

WHE FALL AND WINTER TERM OF school 10 miles from Boston, will commerce wreday of reptemper It sims to secure all inverse of a home and a rood education at the in. Its facilities for these pure as scan hardly seed. For particulary address the crincipal, or

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A COMPANY SHOULD SHOW ITS LIABILITIES A and ratio of expenses, as well as its assets. Peophocid investigate before insuring. This Company unely mutual. No stock or custantee fund to able the profits; but all the surplus is annually credited he policy holders as dividends, is proportion to timoual of renewals, premiums after the first four yeas. Over two millions four aut dred and sixty-eight the and dolars have been refunded to policy-holders lyndends or surplus premiums. and dollars have been refunded to policy-holders in livedends or surp us premiums.

The surplus or profits from last year's business, to be add in 18-51, is nine hundred and ninsty-seven shousand, light hundred and eighty-one dollars.

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This Company issued last year 5,370 policies. Surely his is the Company to Incurs with.

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No trouble to show goods, and go those sold that do of suit will be exchanged or money refunded. All myls EVKEHART & REMING.

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WATER PIPES, HYDRANTS, HOSE, BATH TUBS Shower Baths, Water Closets, Washstands, Force and Lift Pumps for Wells and Cisteros.

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This is a remedy so universally known to surpass an other for the cureo; throat and iung complaints, that is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtue its unrivaled excellence for couphs and colds, and it truly wonderful cures of pulmonary di ease, have may it known throughout the civilized nations of the eart is known throughout the civilized nations of the eart Few are the communities, or even families, among the chab have not some personal experience of its effects. Molded Collars TAVE NOW BEEN BEFORE THE PUBLIC FOR he nearly a year. They are universally pronounced he neatest and best fitting collars extant.

The upper edge presents a perfect cauve, free from the right noticed in all other collars. Frepared by Dr. J.C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass Sold by ED. WILDER, Louisville, Ed. WILDER, Louisville, nell dead wholesale age t, and oy all Druggists and dealers in Medicines.

AN INDIAN'S REMEDY. CLEANSING AND TONIC BITTERS. R. A. SHRADER, No. 210 MARKET STREET, NORTH The side, a few doors above Brook, is the projector and manufacturer of the "PARFILLE-ATING BATTERS," an Indian Remedy, that, for the cure of all affections of the Kidneys and Link, for the cure of all affections of the Kidneys and Link, and as a general rurifier of the Blood, is unsurpassed. This Bitters has effected many permanent cures in the most obstinate and long standly cases that had baffled medical treatment uctil they were prunounced houriess. Those afflicted would do well to ty this smooth of the contract of the surpassed.

The Garotte Collar has a smooth and eventy minutes due on norm sides.

These Collars are not simply flat rieces of paper cut in the form of a collar, but are MOLDED AND SHAPED TO FIT THE NECK.

They are made in Novelty" (or turn-down style); in very half size from 12 to 17 inches, and in "Eureks," (or Garotte), from 13 to 17 inches; and packed in "solid sizes" in neat bise cartoons, containing 100 each; also in smaller ones of 16 each—the latter a very handy package for Travellers, Army and vary Officers.

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Bold by all dealers in Mon's Furnishing Goods. The Trade supplied by

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Call and get it and kry it. There is no mistake about.
It is a sovereign remedy in diseases of the Kidneys,
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So per dosen, sent by mail on receipt of price.

Persons wishing to co-suit as personally on any of the ove diseases, or to procure Pills or Powder, will find at our office, north-rest corner of Third and Market veets; private entrance on Third street, from 8 a. m. 1 r. m., and from 2 to 6 r. m.; Sundays from 8 to 11 a. Co-sultation rooms entirely private, Secrecy in al fel8 d&utf

daten's field Dispensary. 30 VENEREAL DISEASES, And all Affections of the Urina by and Generalize Organs oboth stores. " Just published.



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Thirtieth edition, containing 80 pures, and 60 fine plates and entrained to the plates and entrained to the containing so pures, and 60 fine plates and entrained to the containing so the containing a value be treatise on that wide-appread enaledy of youth. SEMINAL WEAKNERS. Nocturnal Emissions, Sexual Debitity, Impotency, &c. and the server is free time of youth and asternity are thus from the baneful habit of self abuse. Also, how the containing the containin read this work.
TO PATIENTS -We devote our entire time to th

statement of their symptoms, will receive a Blank Chark, containing a list of questions, our terms for the course of freatment, Ac. Medicines sent to any part of the country to cure any case at home free from damage or surfectly. All consultations private and continental. OFFICE—314 Fifth street, between Market and Jeffer ton, west sign. son, west side.
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FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD

and for the speedy cure of the following complaints

Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

J. C. Ayms & Co.—Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarasparilla has done for me. Having inverted a Sc. office it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarasparilla has done for me. Having invarious ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in ward and distressed and arms; sometimes it burst out in ward and distressed and arms; sometimes it burst out in ward and distressed and arms; sometimes it burst out in ward and distressed and arms; sometimes it burst out in the own of the same with one sore, which was painful and loadisome beyond description. I tried mann ainful and loadisome beyond description. I tried mann ainful and loadisome beyond according to the discrete grow worse. At length a war rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenser that you was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenser that you was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenser that you was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenser that you was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenser that you was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenser that you was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenser that you was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenser that you was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenser that you was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenser that you was a country of the second that anything you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and get it, and used it till itcured me. I took it, as you across, in small doses of a teaspoonful overa month, and used almost three bottes. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now closs, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully.

Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem. N. Y., 12th Sept., 18:2, that he has cured an inveterate case of Droppy, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a danger ous Malignant Erystipeids by its geloses of the same says he cures the common Erystipes by it constantly

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan, of Prespect, Texas, writes: "Three of these of your Sersaparitic cured me from a Goifre—a ideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leuchorrhoea or Whites, Ovarian Tu-mor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Dis-

eases.

Dr J. B. S. Chaming, of New York City, writes: "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent a saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excel lent alterative in the numerous compiaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in Famale Discusses of the Scrofulous distbesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorthons by it, and some where the compilaint was caused by ulceration of the ulcration itself was soon cured. Nothing sithin my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

ing sithin my knowledge equals it for the trible in an angements.

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala, writes: "A dangerous contribute humor on one of the females in my famile, which had defied all the remedies we could expoy, has at length bean completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparil's. Our physician thought nothing but extipation could aff of relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cut ting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedies, the weeks no symptom of the disease remains.

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLHANS, 26th August, 1859.

NEW ORLEANS, 26th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. ATER—Sir: I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have rea leted with your Sarsaparlia.

I have cured with it in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of **Peneral and **Mercuriat Diseasa.** One of my patients had Syphilite ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mone. Your Sarsaparilla, stea-tly taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla, the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A won, an who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a

become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp da the suffered exeruciating pain in her joints and bones the, too, was curred entir-ly by you. Sarsaparilla in a law weeks. I know from its foroula, which your agen pave me, that this 'reparation from your laborator, must be a great remedy; consequently, these traily re unramble results with it have not surprised me. Fracerually yours.

G. V. LABIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va.. 6th July,
Dz. J. C. AYER—Sir, I have been afflicted with a pain
ul chronic Rheumatism for a long time, which hafflenee skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of a
the remerics I cou'd find, until i tried your carsapari
a. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored me
teneral health so much that I am far better than be'or
was attacked. I think it a wonderful med.cine.

Jules Y. Gatchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have beer dillicted for rears with an affection of the Lieer, which les royed my health. I 'ried everything, and everything failed to relieve me; and I have been a broket lown man for some years from no other cause that lerangement of the Lieer. My beloved pastor, the ker. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilli, be taure he said he knew you, ar d anything you made was worth urying. By he bis is go flood it has cured me and has so purified my blood as to make a new man one. I feel young again. The heat that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of

the Bones.

A g cat variety of cases have been reported to use of these formidable complaints have realized from the use of this remedy, but our space bertill not admit them. Some of them may be found in a rame ican Almanac, which the agents below named re pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia. Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

the Bones.

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Michigan State Fair. Pensylvania State Fair Greenfield, O., Union Clinton Co., O., Fair. Franklin Co., N. Y.,

Oregon State Fair.

Chittenden Co.,

Agr'l Soc.

Fair.

Champlain Valley, Vt. Agr'l Soc. Hampdon Co., Mass. Agr'l Soc. Washington Co., N. Y., Queens Co., N. Y., Fair. Saratoga Co., N. Y., Fair. Mechanics' Institute, Pa., Fair. Montgomery Co., Pa, Fair. San Joaquin Co., Cal.

San Jose District, Cal.,

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For Chicago, Detroit, and all points is the North and Northwest.
For Cairo, St. Lou's, Hannibal, Quincy, St. Joseph, &c. 9:00 P. M. Daily, (except Saturdays), making direct connections as follows:

lows:
AT SNYMOUR:
For St. Louis, Cairo, St. Joseph, and all points West,
For Cincinnati and all Eastern and Northeastern cities.
For Tolede, Detroit, &c.
For all Eastern and Northeastern Cities.
For Toledo, Detroit, &c.
For Chicago and Northeastern and Western cities.
For Chicago and Northeastern and Western cities.
For Cairo, St. Louis, &c.

Which surpass in style and floish, anything of the kind before office of the the shad, Metals Cases and Caskets of all other remedy he shad, Metals Cases and Caskets of all other remedy he shad, Metals Cases and Caskets of all other remedy he shad, Metals Cases and Caskets of all other remedy he shad, Metals Cases and Caskets of all other remedy he shad, Metals Cases and Caskets of all other remedy he shad, Metals Cases and Caskets of all other remedy he shad, Metals Cases and Caskets of all other remedy he shad, Metals Cases and Caskets of all other remedy he shad, Metals Cases and Caskets of all other remedy he shad, Metals of Cases manufacturers wooden Coffice of the kind other remedy he shad, Metals of Cases manufacturers wooden Coffice of the kind other remedy he shad, Metals of Cases and Caskets of all other remedy he shad a full appear of the best cases manufacturers wooden Coffice of the class manufacturers wooden Coffice of the cla BF Any information can be obtained, or Tickets jurchased, at the office of the Company, Southeas: corner of Main and Third streets, Louisville, Ky., or at the Raliroad Depot, Jeffersonville.

OTHER ROUTE, #1 DOLS JAS. FRRIER. General Ticket Agent.

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TWO DAILY TRAINS LEAVE NEW ALBANY, (P 9:00 A M. Chicago Express, daily (Sundays excepted), making direct connection at Mitchell for St. Louis, Cairo, Evasaville, St. Joseph, Leavenworth, Kansas City, and all points West, also at Green Castle and Lafayette for Terre Haute, Matteon, Alton Decatur, Springfield, Jackson-ville, Quincy, and all points in Cyntral Illinois, and at Michigan City for Detroit, Colcago, and all points Northwest.

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For curther information and through tickets apply at the office of the Company, southwest corner Main and Tuird streets, Louisville, Ky. Office open Sundays from to 7 o'clock P. M.

A. B. CULYMR, Sup't.

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economics of control of the company for the control of the company.

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Louisville and Nashville RAILROAD.

Change of Time. ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, MAY 1st. 1864, TRAINS will leave the Depot, corner of Ninth and Broad-5 A. M. THROUGH PREIGHT TRAIN FOR NASHville, Bowlinggreen, and Ciarksville daily.

1:00 A. M. EXPRESS PASSINGER TRAIN FOR LEB-anon, Perryville, Danville, Harredsburg, Cacaphella-tile, and Calumbia daily, except Sunday. 4 P. M. ACCOMMODATION TRAIN FOR BARDS 7 P. M. PASSENGER TRAIN FOR NASHVILLE, isily. 7 P. M. THROUGH FREIGHT TRAIN FOR NASH-B. MARSHEL, ap80 dtf

Louisville & Frankfort and Lexington

& Frankfort Railroads,

NAND AFTER MONDAY, MARCH 28TH, 1864. EXPRESS TRAIN leaves daily (except Sundays) at 5:25 A. M., stopping at all stations except F-lr Grounds, Race Course, Brownsboro, and Belleview; Leaves Lexington at 2:00 P. M., and arrives at Louisville at 7:10 P. M.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN (stopping at all stations) leaves Louisville at 4:20 p. m. Leaves Frankfort at 5:00 a. m., and arrives at Louisville at 8:50 a. m. FREIGHT TRAINS leave Louisville and Lexington ly (Sundays excepted). mr:28 dtf SAMUEL GILL. Sun' GRIFFITH & BOARD,

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Phelps. Caldwell & Co., Louisville
Nock. Wicks & Co.
Wm. S. Davis, Esq.,
A. Rawson & Co.,
Gardner & Co.,

NOTICE. FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY. LOUISVILLE, KY., April 4th, 1864. A T A REGULAR ANNUAL ELECTION OF A PRESldent and twelve Directors, held this day, the following gentlemen were duly elected for the ensuing
year: James Trabue, President Wm. Garvin, Wm.
Gay, H. D. Newcomb, Geo. W. Morris, J. S. Lithgow,
John Write, Wm. Hughes, Jos. P. Torbitt, W. Geo. Anderson, Wm. J. Anderson, John Ferguson, Jr., James S.
Phelps, Directors,
This Company continues to do a general Marine and
Fire insurance business at its office, corner of Main and
Fire insurance business at its office, corner of Main and
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Wholesale and retail dealer in Hats, Caps, Umbrellas &c., 426 Market st., bet, Fourth and Fifth, Louisville, I HAVE JUST RECEIVED THE LARGEST STOCK of Spring and Summer Goods ever imported to this city, which I will sell, either wholesale or retail, le per cent, cheaper than any one eise, and I would most respectfully invite the public to call and see for themselves. No trouble to show goods. Commission Merchanis,
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PRIME LEAF LARD,—
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for all bags, in store and for sale by
Main st., bet, Third and Fourth.

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Proclamation to Consumers of Coal. W HEREAS, OWING TO THE LATE REBELLION between coa' deal-rs and consumers, and in order to prevent a like contingency in future, I, William Steele, hereby proclaim to at all persons in want of Coal can send their orders to my office. No. 432 East Market street, between Preston and Jackson, and have them filled iromally with the very best of Pittsburg Coal at the lowest possible prices. Witness my hand this the lat day of June, 1864.

jed d3m* WILLIAM STEELE.

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Pittsburg and Peytona Cannel Coal, Sele Agents for the Pomercy Coal. OBDERS FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE COALS respectfully solicited and promptly filled at the C respectfully solicited and promptly filled at the lowest mark prices. Constantly on hand a good supply of the PETTONA GANNEL and PEACOOK POMBEROY COAL, which, for kitchen, parlor or chamber use, has no superior.

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Also, by permission—
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